

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
Year End December 31, 2015**

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Prepared by:

Finance Department

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
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City of Americus, Georgia

June 15, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council, and the citizens of the City of Americus:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirements, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Americus for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Americus. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Americus has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Americus' financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Americus' comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Americus' financial statements have been audited by Mauldin and Jenkins, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Americus for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Americus' financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Americus is part of a broader, federally mandated “Single Audit” designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government’s internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. A Single Audit was not required in 2015 due to the lack of significant project activity.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management’s Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Americus’ MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Americus is located in Sumter County in Southwest Georgia. Americus is 132 miles from Atlanta and only nine miles from Plains, the home of America’s 39th President and Nobel Peace Prize Laureate, Jimmy Carter. Americus is located strategically between the Andersonville and Plains National Historic Sites. Sumter County is the only county in Georgia which boasts two national historic sites. In Plains, the renovations of the Plains High School and Jimmy Carter Boyhood Home site in Archery have been completed. Plains High School has been designated the state school of Georgia. The United States Prisoner of War Museum is located within the Andersonville National Historic Site. This museum opened in April 1998. More than 150,000 visitors are received at these sites annually.

The City of Americus is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs when deemed appropriate by the governing body.

The City of Americus operates under the Council/City Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the governing body which consists of a mayor and six council members. The governing body is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing the City Manager, Municipal Court Judge, and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for hiring all City employees including department heads, carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government. The governing body is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected at large to serve a four-year term. The six council members are elected by district.

The City of Americus provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection and community development activities. Water and sewer services, natural gas services, solid waste services, storm water services, and the Rylander Theater are all operated as proprietary funds of the City. The Downtown Development Authority and the Americus Sumter Tourism Council are recorded as component units of the City and are included in the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Americus' financial planning and control. All agencies of the City of Americus are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The Finance Department prepares the budget based on these requests and ensures that economic factors, wage increases, and other items are consistent among all of the funds and departments. The requested budget is submitted to the City Manager. The City Manager uses this information as the starting point for developing the proposed budget. The proposed budget is then presented to the Mayor and Council on or before November 30. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make budget transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the special approval of the governing council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated budget is required; however, the City's budget policy includes all funds. The adherence to this policy has played an important role in controlling expenses during the economic downturn. Budget ordinance amendments are prepared throughout the year to adjust for unanticipated events, planned spending reductions, and more accurate monitoring of financial conditions.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Americus operates.

Local Economy

The citizens of Americus and Sumter County set the standard over twenty years ago when they voted to impose upon themselves a special purpose local option sales tax to fund economic development. This tax generated more than eight million dollars to spur economic development. These monies have been used to pay for the costs of improvements to the City's infrastructure and to provide attractive financing packages for industrial development. In addition, the Payroll Development Authority, the local authority responsible for administering these funds, developed a revolving loan pool from a portion of the money. The loan funds are used continuously to enhance economic development. In 2008, the Americus Sumter County Chamber of Commerce and the Payroll Development Authority reorganized. The result was a salaried economic developer on staff charged strictly with recruiting industry and expansion of existing business and industry.

More than 80% of the U.S. industrial and commercial markets are within two days of Americus. Americus is just 30 miles from Interstate 75 and about 60 miles from Interstate 185. U.S. Highways 19 and 280 intersect Americus, providing easy access to the major cities of the Southeast. Highway 19 is a four lane highway which runs from Atlanta to Florida and provides an alternate route for tourists and business travelers. Highway 19 was widened to four-lanes from Atlanta to Florida. Several intrastate and interstate motor freight carriers provide full-load trucking services to this area with a few maintaining local terminals. Additionally, Norfolk Southern and Heart of Georgia companies provide rail service to this region of Georgia.

The Americus/Sumter County Airport Authority operates the Jimmy Carter Regional Airport, a general public aviation airport three miles northeast of Americus. The airport has a 6,021 foot runway. One fixed base operator, Souther Field Aviation, Inc., offers fuel, aircraft tie down, hangar and repair services. In 2010, the Airport Authority completed the construction of 19 new aircraft hangars.

Savannah and Brunswick (both about 200 miles away) are the closest deep water ports. Americus is 60 miles southeast of Columbus, one of two Georgia inland port locations. It is 30 miles west of Cordele where another inland port location has been constructed. The port location began operations in the early part of 2012. This port has the potential of bringing hundreds of jobs to the Crisp/Sumter County area.

Americus participates in the National Main Street Program. In 1983 the City of Americus was designated as a Main Street City and hired a full time manager to oversee the revitalization, promotion, and economic development of the thirteen block central business district. During the last decade a low interest revolving loan program was formulated for use in the Central Business Improvement District. In addition, facade and sign grants are offered to businesses to improve store fronts. Downtown merchants began taking advantage of the programs; the City has seen a new downtown emerge.

In 1991, through the efforts of a private/public partnership, the 61,000 square foot Windsor Hotel was renovated in the heart of downtown. Another successful private/public partnership resulted in the renovation of the 620 seat Rylander Theater in 1999. Both the hotel and the theater complement retail businesses of "Victorian" downtown Americus.

In addition, the thirteen block central business improvement district now boasts a reputation as a shopping destination. Several large buildings that formerly housed single businesses have been renovated into mixed use facilities that house a combination of retail, commercial and residential space. One of these larger buildings that formerly housed the Rylander Motor Company has been fully restored and serves as the International Headquarters for Habitat for Humanity. Also, Citizens Bank of Americus refurbished the old Fire Station and other buildings to house their downtown facility. This project represents the largest private renovation in the downtown area to date. Also contributing to the Downtown area is the renovation of Rylander Park to include more green space and improvements at the Farmer's Market. Additionally, the Americus Sumter Tourism Council moved its Welcome Center to the first floor of the Municipal Building following the departure of the Finance Department. The newly renovated space is larger and more accommodating than the center's prior location. The result is more exhibits and a museum feel that has attracted both residents and tourists. All of the above improvements have enhanced the aesthetics of the area and improved tourism activities. Readers should note that the Finance Department is now housed at a former bank with access to drive thru facilities. The move has proved to be beneficial to the Finance Department as well as to tourism efforts.

Revenues generated from the City's hotel/motel tax have increased from \$100,000 in 1998 to \$311,400 in 2015. Additionally, we are still reserving rooms well in advance for small regional meetings, seminars, mini-conventions, motor coach tours and group travel associations and clubs.

Americus itself boasts one of the largest historic districts in southwest Georgia. The district contains more than 100 beautifully restored Victorian style homes. These homes plus the Windsor Hotel and the Rylander Theater make Americus an interesting attraction for heritage tourism.

Habitat for Humanity International, as mentioned previously, is an anchor business of Americus' downtown. The Habitat Global Village and Museum in Americus has become another tourist attraction for our community. The Village and Museum showcases model Habitat houses from 10 countries, exhibits of urban and rural poverty, visitor activities and world crafts and entertainment. This educational and fun attraction brings more than 50,000 visitors annually.

In general, Americus is experiencing a decrease in manufacturing businesses as is the rest of the country. However, the City is focusing on attracting service type and retail corporations. As explained in the Management Discussion and Analysis, 2015 has been economically challenging for several reasons. The City has not fully recovered from the tornado event of March 1, 2007, when the national recession hit. Medical services suffered with the total destruction of the regional hospital; however, the area is better served now with the opening of the new state of the art hospital, Phoebe Sumter Medical Center. The new hospital is larger and the complex has several buildings to accommodate medical personnel.

Local unemployment rates reached a decade high of 14.4% at the end of February, 2010, with the average rate for 2015 at 9.6%. The near double digit rates have prevailed for the last couple of years following the tornado, the closure of industries such as Collins and Aikman, The Tog Shop (Spiegel) and hiring freezes in other businesses and governments. Readers should note that the Georgia average for 2015 was 7.2% and the entire country was at 6.2%. These local factors and the overall national recession are contributing to the challenge of economic development.

In response to our local economic needs, five entities joined forces in 2008 with the University of Georgia through its Archway Partnership. These entities are the City of Americus, Sumter County Board of Commissioners, Sumter County Board of Education, Payroll Development Authority and Phoebe Sumter Hospital. The Archway Program is designed to provide communities with the wealth of expertise of faculty and students and easy access to higher education resources in order to find solutions to local issues. Currently, Sumter County is one of eight partnerships in the state. The 2012-2013 work plan includes the following priority areas: community-wide economic development; public education; leadership development and public health.

During 2014 in an effort to continuously improve economic development strategies, the City of Americus in partnership with the Carl Vinson Institute of Government at the University of Georgia began work on the "Americus Renaissance Strategic Vision and Plan". This partnership has continued to address the wishes of the citizens in the areas of Organization, Design, Promotion, and Economic Development. With further assistance from the Archway Partnership, Georgia Municipal Association, Georgia Department of Community Affairs, UGS Small Business Development Center, and Georgia Cities Foundation, the plan prioritizes short- and long-term action items which can be completed by the city as well as local community partners.

The Crisp County Inland Port project began operations in late 2011 and early 2012. This port is able to accept freight containers from Savannah's port by rail. Once in Cordele the freight is loaded on trucks and sent all over the southeast. The port has given the region an economic boost. Visionaries expect a wide range of industries and vocations to be impacted; including trucking, distribution centers, and other service industries. The port is located less than two miles from Interstate 75 in Crisp County. The port is currently providing services for Mulcoa and Big Tex Trailers. Other large companies have shown interest which could result in hundreds of jobs.

Also mentioned in the MD&A, a local company, Star Racing, is expected to build a \$12 million world class motorsports and entertainment facility right outside the City limits. The facility is expected to boost the economy by \$75 million annually. This is expected to be a tourist attraction that will bring in visitors from all over the country.

The Americus/Sumter County Payroll Development Authority continues to receive requests for information about Americus from companies located both within and outside the United States. In 2015, the Payroll Development Authority announced new jobs and launched the One Sumter campaign. The One Sumter campaign has a module that correlates to increase economic development with both private and public entities committing over \$2,000,000 towards their goals. The Payroll Development Authority's efforts in creating new jobs and bringing businesses to Americus and Sumter County is expected to have an economic impact of approximately 7.5 Million Dollars. Because of Americus' favorable location and climate, we anticipate these inquiries and visits to continue, even in light of the national recession and our temporary local issues. With a diverse combination of retail and service industries, exciting tourist attractions, excellent education options, the rebuilding of our hospital, and our community-wide Archway Project, Americus is positioned for a strong comeback.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Expansion, improvement, and efficiency will be the focus of the Americus city government for the coming years. Being able to expand the city's perimeter in all directions is likely to be a concern of the Mayor and Council over the next decade. The Mayor and Council will continue to emphasize to the state legislature the development of legislation that will be conducive to cities striving to increase their corporate boundaries.

When it comes to transportation planning, the passing of the TSPLOST referendum in July 2012 has provided much needed resources for the support and expansion of current infrastructure.

The City of Americus has developed a five-year capital improvement program that provides the framework for the purchase of machinery and equipment and the development and maintenance of the infrastructure to meet current and future needs. In accordance with our debt policy, the City issued a Combined Utility Revenue Bond in the amount of \$13,760,000 in 2010 to finance several utility projects and Combined Utility Revenue Bond in 2013 for the purpose of refunding loans from GEFA which were used to finance improvements to the City's water and storm water systems, paying the premium for a debt service surety bond and other costs associated with the bond issuance. In 2014, the City passed a 2014 SPLOST referendum which is expected to provide needed resources for capital improvement projects.

Major planned improvements included in the City are:

- Continue the renovation and remodeling of all the City government buildings to meet our governmental needs. This program includes the \$2.8 million renovation and expansion to the Public Safety Building that was completed in 2015. This building houses the entire Police Department and serves as the main Fire Department. Funding for this project is included in the 2007 SPLOST legislation.
- Enhancement of the Georgia Southwestern University Entranceway through the use of ISTEAF funds. We have been awarded \$980,000 for Tripp Street re-design and beautification.
- Continue Sidewalk Replacement and Resurfacing of various streets with TSPLOST and other funding mechanisms.
- Completion of various Water and Sewer projects funded by the 2010 & 2013 Series Revenue Bonds.
- Continue improvements to drainage and retention ponds through the Storm Water Utility.
- Construction of a public works office building.
- City Building/Facilities Repair/Renovations to meet the needs of our citizens. This includes renovations to the Rylander Theater and totals approximately \$2.5 million. Funding for this project is included in the 2014 SPLOST legislation.
- Road & Bridge repair and paving that totals approximately \$5 million. Funding for this project is included in the 2014 SPLOST legislation.
- Public Spaces and Green way enhancements that total approximately \$2.1 million. Funding for this project is included in the 2014 SPLOST legislation.
- Other smaller projects are included in the five year capital improvements program for the City of Americus.

All are designed to provide for future needs and mandates.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Americus for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all employees of the City who contributed to the information included in this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and City Council for their commitment to maintaining highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Americus' finances.

Respectfully Submitted,



L. Steve Kennedy
City Manager



Diadra W. Powell
Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

**City of Americus
Georgia**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

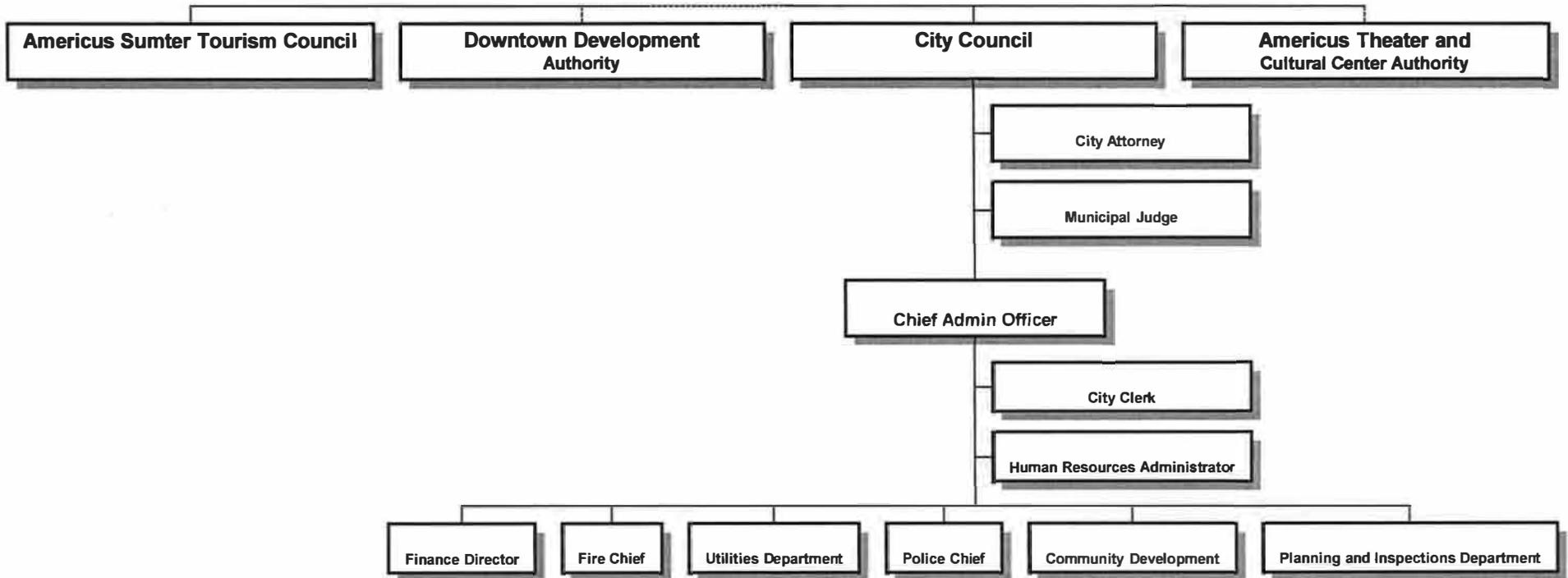
Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS December 31, 2015

Mayor	Barry Blount
Council Members	Walton Grant Nelson Brown Lou Chase Shirley Green-Reese Juanita Wilson Carla Cook
City Attorney	James M. Skipper, Jr.
Municipal Judge	Michael Greene
Chief Administrative Officer	Steve Kennedy
Finance Director	Diadra Powell
Utilities Director	Sammy Deason
Chief of Police	Mark Scott
Fire Chief	Allen Erkhart
Community Development Director	Ben Andrews
Planning and Inspections Director	Josh Roth

City of Americus



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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council
City of Americus, Georgia
Americus, Georgia**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Americus, Georgia** ("the City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Americus, Georgia as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 15, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, as well as Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, effective January 1, 2015. These standards significantly changed the accounting for the City’s net pension liability and the related disclosures. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management’s Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the City’s Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of City Contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Americus, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules as well as the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds (the "supplementary information") are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macon, Georgia
June 15, 2016

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Americus, Georgia's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. It is designed to give the reader an objective and easily readable analysis of the City's financial performance. The primary intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the financial performance of the City as a whole. Readers should also review the letter of transmittal, notes to the basic financial statements, and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The key financial highlights for FY 2015 are as follows:

The City's total net position increased \$1,693,039. The net position of the business-type activities increased \$1,122,656, while the net position of the governmental activities increased \$570,383. The increase in governmental net position is primarily due to an increase in capital assets related to the completion of the public safety renovations. The increase in business-type activities net position is primarily due to the continued reduction of debt as well as an increase in revenues.

Total governmental revenues decreased from 2014 to 2015 by \$3,631,702. The decrease in revenue correlates to the increase in 2014 due to the receipt of SPLOST bond funds in the amount of \$3,894,005.

The City incurred \$9,624,855 total expenses related to governmental activities. General revenues, primarily taxes, provided the major financing sources for these activities. The balance funded by other sources is \$2,647,701 or 28% of the total spending. Nontax revenues include permits, operating grants and capital grants, contributions, fines, forfeitures, and charges for services.

Revenues in the General Fund were \$9,333,217 for fiscal year 2015 which was \$166,845 higher than 2014. Taxes, licenses & permits, intergovernmental, and charges for services were more than in previous years. The tax digest has continued to decline. The other areas of revenue identified fluctuate based on the economic climate. The reader should note that the year to year stability of the General Fund revenues and expenditures represents close monitoring and some delayed spending in response to recent economic conditions which continue to have an impact on tax generated revenues as well as other consumer driven revenues.

Water and sewer fund operating revenues for this fiscal year were \$6,244,153, while total operating expenses for the year were \$4,612,404. After other non-operating revenues and expenses, capital contributions, transfers, and restatement of beginning net position; net position showed an increase of \$1,350,193 for the year. This increase in net position is related to less expenditures within the department that are attributed to vacancies and the associated benefits, lower meter sales, and less maintenance on the system and at the water treatment plant.

Total Natural Gas Fund operating revenues for this fiscal year were \$2,435,480. Total operating expenses for the year were \$2,457,505. The operating decrease of \$22,025 combined with non-operating revenues, expenses, capital contributions, and transfers, resulted in a decrease in net position of \$321,927. The deterioration in net position has been a trend in recent years due to reduced sales volume in the industrial sector and with one of the biggest users of natural gas shutting their plant down for three to four months. During the lucrative years, a revenue sharing program was set up to support the General Fund. Readers should note that even though the fund has deteriorated in recent years, \$300,000 was still transferred to the General Fund for planned revenue sharing as the General Fund has become to rely on the support. Efforts continue to increase gas sales volume to reverse the recent trend. In 2015, this situation was once again compounded by an unseasonably warm winter.

Total Solid Waste Fund operating revenues for this fiscal year were \$2,838,005. Total operating expenses of \$2,968,631 resulted in an operating loss of \$130,626. After other non-operating revenues and expenses, capital contributions, and transfers net position decreased \$130,525. This fund is designed to basically break even every year. However, the decrease in net position is related to higher expenditures than expected in sanitation services that includes expenses related to Sumter County post closure cost that were received for several years during 2015 of which the City cost shares.

Total Storm Water Fund operating revenues for this fiscal year were \$773,501. Total operating expenses of \$393,203 resulted in operating income of \$380,298. After non-operating revenues and expenses, capital contributions, and transfers net position increased \$314,564. The net position within this fund has continued to increase as operating revenues exceed expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Americus' basic financial statements. The City of Americus' statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The statements are organized so that the reader can understand the City of Americus as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity.

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Americus' finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Americus' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City and present both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary funds, the statements offer both short- and long-term financial information about activities that the City operates like businesses. The major business-type activities include the Water and Sewer Fund, the Natural Gas Fund, the Solid Waste Fund, and the Storm Water Fund. Nonmajor business-type activities include the Theater Fund. The fund financial statements separately identify the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in one column.

The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to answer the questions concerning how the City performed financially during 2015. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is paid or received.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes to net position. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the City as a whole has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some non-financial. The non-financial factors may include the City's property tax base, condition of City owned streets, facility conditions, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City has included both governmental and business-type activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including general government, public safety, public works, and community development. Property tax, sales tax, other taxes and fines and forfeitures finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities: The City charges fees to cover the cost of the service each activity provides. These activities include water and sewer services, solid waste services, natural gas services, storm water, and cultural services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Americus, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Americus can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds. Fund financial

reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Most of the City's activities are reported in the governmental funds which are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine if there are more financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance governmental services. The relationship between governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements and is discussed in Note #2 of the financial statements.

The City maintains the following eleven individual governmental funds: (1) the General Fund, (2) the Community Development Block Grant Fund, (3) State Revolving Loan Fund, (4) 2001 Program Income Fund, (5) 2004 ISTEAFund, (6) 2007 CDBG Fund, (7) 2007 CHIP Fund, (8) 2014 CDBG Fund, (9) Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, (10) TSPLOST Fund, and (11) Capital Projects SPLOST Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund "balance sheet" and the "governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance" for the General Fund, and SPLOST Fund, which are the two major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

The City of Americus adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary comparisons to actual are included in the main financial statements and the required supplemental schedules. Additionally, a comparison of original and amended budgets for the General Fund is included later in this analysis.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City of Americus maintains separate proprietary fund statements using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the government-wide statements. These fund statements reflect the same functions as the "business-type activities" in the government-wide statements. The City of Americus has the following five proprietary funds: (1) Water and Sewer Fund, (2) Natural Gas Fund, (3) Solid Waste Fund, (4) Theater Fund, and (5) Storm Water Fund. The Theater Fund is considered nonmajor and listed as such on the Proprietary Fund Statements. Proprietary funds account for any service activity that charges a fee to external users to cover the cost of operations, including the cost of depreciation and debt service.

FISCAL YEAR 2015 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As was previously stated, the total net position increased from 2014. Table 1 below shows the schedule of net position and Table 2 shows the change in net position.

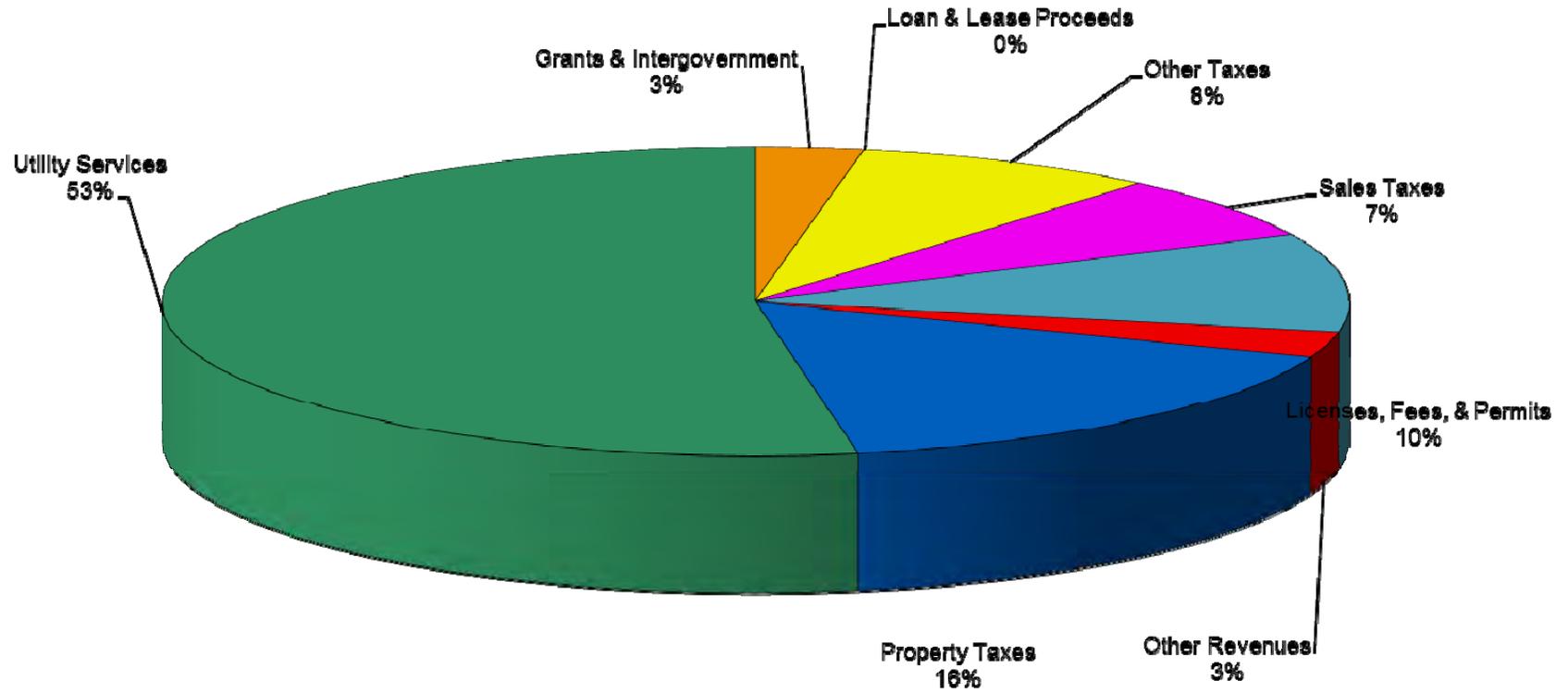
TABLE 1 - CITY OF AMERICUS' NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities FY 2015	Governmental Activities FY 2014	Business-Type Activities FY 2015	Business-Type Activities FY 2014	Total Combined Activities FY 2015	Total Combined Activities FY 2014
Current & other assets	\$ 9,787,012	\$11,400,167	\$11,765,883	\$10,527,684	\$21,552,895	\$21,927,851
Capital assets, net	16,008,073	15,131,751	24,020,395	25,860,135	40,028,468	40,991,886
Total assets	25,795,085	26,531,918	35,786,278	36,387,819	61,581,363	62,919,737
Pension	436,911	466,076	78,923	84,191	515,834	550,267
Total deferred outflows	436,911	466,076	78,923	84,191	515,834	550,267
Current & other liabilities	1,084,817	2,724,013	2,972,782	3,044,769	4,057,599	5,768,782
Long-term liabilities	5,007,697	4,920,376	12,189,034	13,882,482	17,196,731	18,802,858
Total liabilities	6,092,514	7,644,389	15,161,816	16,927,251	21,254,330	24,571,640
Pension	199,133	-	35,970	-	235,103	-
Fair value change of derivatives	258,400	242,039	-	-	258,400	242,039
Total deferred inflows	457,533	242,039	35,970	-	493,503	242,039
Net investment in capital assets	13,365,957	12,197,615	11,197,943	12,260,491	24,563,900	24,458,106
Restricted for system extension	-	-	1,471,000	1,471,000	1,471,000	1,471,000
Restricted for community	528,353	623,614	-	-	528,353	623,514
development and public safety	3,821,011	5,127,531	-	-	3,821,011	5,127,631
Unrestricted	1,966,628	1,162,806	7,998,472	5,813,268	9,965,100	6,976,074
Total net position	\$19,681,949	\$19,111,566	\$20,667,415	\$19,544,759	\$40,349,364	\$38,656,325

TABLE 2 - CITY OF AMERICUS' STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

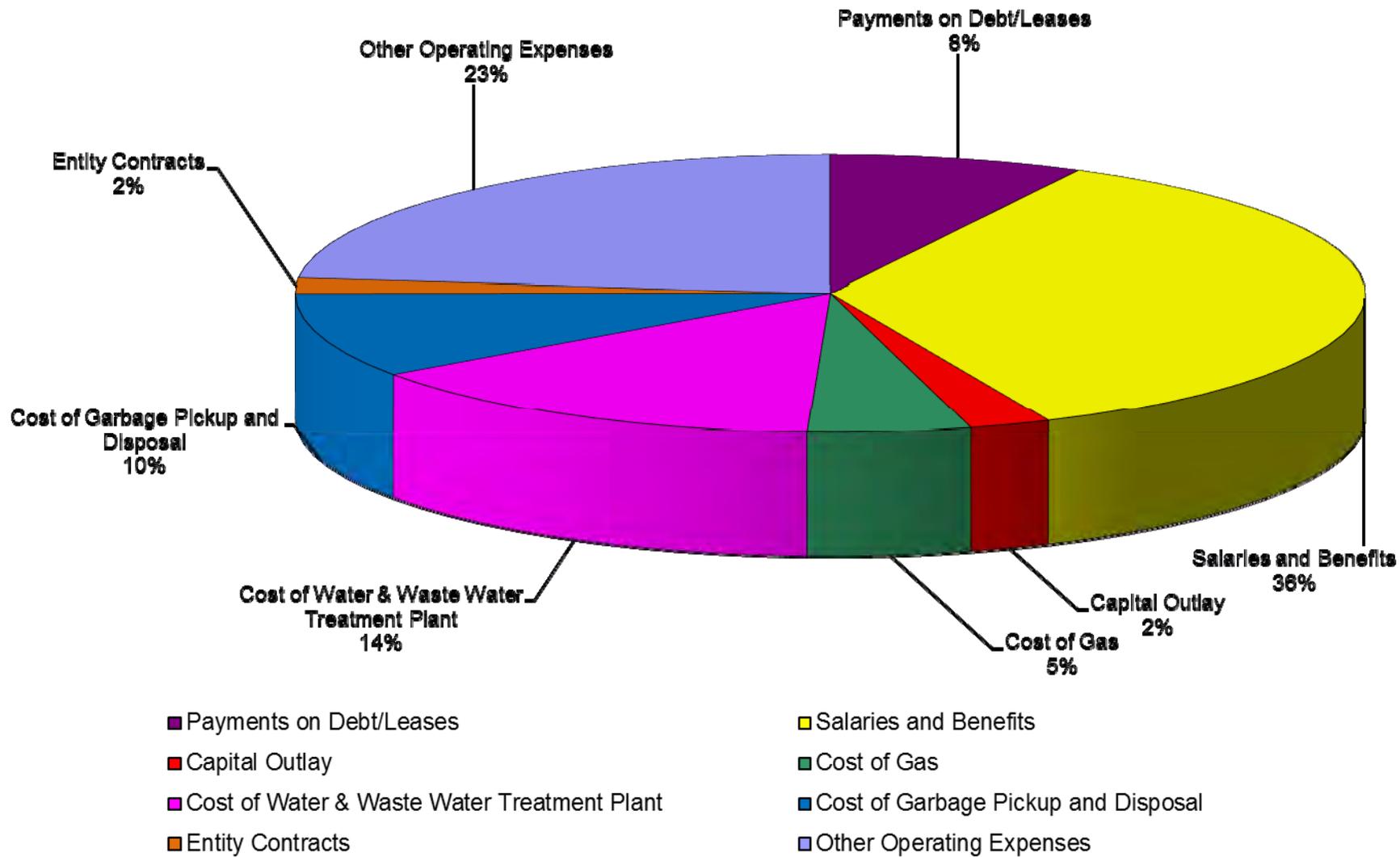
	Governmental Activities FY 2015	Governmental Activities FY 2014	Business-Type Activities FY 2015	Business-Type Activities FY 2014	Total Combined Activities FY 2015	Total Combined Activities FY 2014
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$2,026,527	\$1,951,074	\$12,412,041	\$13,521,884	\$14,438,568	\$15,472,958
Operating grants/contributions	221,878	208,224	70,000	70,000	291,878	278,224
Capital Grants/contributions	399,296	4,123,220	-	-	399,296	4,123,220
Total program revenues	<u>2,647,701</u>	<u>6,282,518</u>	<u>12,482,041</u>	<u>13,591,884</u>	<u>15,129,742</u>	<u>19,874,402</u>
General revenues						
Property tax	3,858,096	3,843,309	-	-	3,858,096	3,843,309
Other tax	3,538,403	3,549,504	-	-	3,538,403	3,549,504
Other	81,438	82,009	1,845	9,345	83,283	91,354
Total general revenues	<u>7,477,937</u>	<u>7,474,822</u>	<u>1,845</u>	<u>9,345</u>	<u>7,479,782</u>	<u>7,484,167</u>
Total revenues	<u>10,125,638</u>	<u>13,757,340</u>	<u>12,483,886</u>	<u>13,601,229</u>	<u>22,609,524</u>	<u>27,358,569</u>
Program expenses						
General government	1,061,848	1,338,170	-	-	1,061,848	1,338,170
Judicial	77,591	88,568	-	-	77,591	88,568
Public Safety	5,890,222	6,238,160	-	-	5,890,222	6,238,160
Public Works	1,949,200	2,154,276	-	-	1,949,200	2,154,276
Community development	495,700	218,292	-	-	495,700	218,292
Culture & Recreation	27,732	696	-	-	27,732	696
Health and Welfare	17,488	0	-	-	17,488	0
Interest on long term debt	105,076	114,110	-	-	105,076	114,110
Theater	-	-	510,975	443,312	510,975	443,312
Storm Water	-	-	458,937	442,213	458,937	442,213
Solid Waste	-	-	2,968,631	2,674,321	2,968,631	2,674,321
Water & sewer	-	-	4,895,582	4,717,093	4,895,582	4,717,093
Natural gas	-	-	2,457,505	3,185,808	2,457,505	3,185,808
Total program expenses	<u>9,624,857</u>	<u>10,152,272</u>	<u>11,291,630</u>	<u>11,462,747</u>	<u>20,916,487</u>	<u>21,615,019</u>
Change in net position before transfers	500,781	3,605,068	1,192,256	2,138,482	1,693,037	5,743,550
Transfers	69,600	430,000	(69,600)	(430,000)	-	-
Change in net position	570,381	4,035,068	1,122,656	1,708,482	1,693,037	5,743,550
Net position, beginning of year restated	19,111,568	15,076,498	19,544,759	17,836,277	38,656,327	32,912,775
Net position, end of year	<u>\$19,681,949</u>	<u>\$19,111,566</u>	<u>\$20,667,415</u>	<u>\$19,544,759</u>	<u>\$40,349,364</u>	<u>\$38,656,325</u>

REVENUES BY SOURCE - 2015



- Grants & Intergovernment
- Loan & Lease Proceeds
- Other Taxes
- Sales Taxes
- Licenses, Fees, & Permits
- Other Revenues
- Property Taxes
- Utility Services

EXPENSES BY TYPE - 2015



GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenues for the City's governmental activities were \$3,631,702 less than 2014, this is primarily due to a decrease in capital grants and contributions received as noted previously related to the issuance of a general obligation bond by Sumter County with the voters approving the 2014 SPLOST Referendum.

Expenses for the City's governmental activities were \$527,417 less than in 2014, primarily attributable to decreases in Public Safety and Public Works expenditures as well as less vacancies.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Program revenues for business type activities decreased by approximately \$1,109,843 compared to 2014. Several factors impacted the declining revenues of the business type activities. Most noteworthy was the decrease in Natural Gas revenues. The Natural Gas revenue reduction is due to warmer than usual weather and the market, as well as one of the largest users of natural gas shutting down for four months as mentioned previously.

Business type expenses experienced a decrease of approximately \$218,345 compared to 2014. The decrease in the expenses is related to lower in Natural Gas expenses and a slight increase in the Solid Waste fund.

COST OF PROGRAM SERVICES

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the combined total cost of services and the combined net cost of services. For governmental activities, the net cost for the year represents depreciation of the infrastructure plus the amount that must be made up with by taxes and investments earnings. For business-type activities, the net cost or (revenue) is the operating net loss or (income) before investment earnings and transfers from the General Fund. A comparison of the net cost for service from 2014 to 2015 is also included.

TABLE 3 - GOVERNMENTAL & BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES COMBINED

	Total Cost of Services FY 2015	Net Cost (Revenue) of Services FY 2015	Net Cost (Revenue) of Services FY 2014	Change from 2014 to 2015
General Government	\$1,061,848	(\$759,221)	(\$322,610)	(\$436,611)
Judicial	77,591	77,591	88,568	(10,977)
Public Safety	5,890,222	5,509,617	1,886,999	3,622,618
Public Works	1,949,200	1,728,043	1,931,742	(203,699)
Community Development	495,700	275,365	170,249	105,116
Culture and recreation	27,732	27,732	696	27,036
Health and welfare	17,488	12,953	-	12,953
Interest on long-term debt	105,076	105,076	114,110	(9,034)
Business-type activities	11,291,630	(1,190,411)	(2,081,909)	891,498
Total Expenses	\$20,916,487	\$5,786,745	\$1,787,845	\$3,998,900

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,095,661 - which represents a decrease of \$914,222 from the prior year. Approximately 41% of this total constitutes *unassigned* fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is *non-spendable, restricted by third parties, or assigned* by the City Manager per the City's Fund Balance Policy and GASB 54. Table 4 below shows the change in ending fund balances for governmental funds.

Other Governmental Funds total fund balances were \$4,697,300 or \$1,144,528 less than 2014. The change in fund balance for these special revenue funds is directly related to fluctuations in grant receipts and SPLOST funds which are being utilized for the completion of the infrastructure renovations and general obligation bond proceeds that are being utilized for much needed infrastructure maintenance to include street & bridge repairs, City building repairs, and other aesthetics.

TABLE 4 - Governmental Fund Balance

	FY 2015	FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)
General Fund	\$3,398,361	\$3,168,055	\$230,306
SPLOST Funds	3,821,011	5,127,531	(1,306,520)
Special Revenue Funds	876,289	714,297	\$161,992
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$8,095,661	\$9,009,883	(\$914,222)

The fund balance of the General Fund for the end of fiscal year 2015 was \$3,398,361 or \$230,306 more than in 2014. The significant increase is due to several factors. These factors include the licenses and permits revenue being higher than anticipated. This situation depicts a relatively stable and controlled financial environment in spite of current economic conditions.

PROPRIETARY FUND BALANCE

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the proprietary funds had total operating revenues of \$12,412,041. Based on revenues, the largest proprietary fund is the Water and Sewer Fund (50%) followed by the Solid Waste Fund (23%)

The change in net position for Proprietary Funds was an increase of \$1,122,656. The detail by fund is shown in Table 5 below.

TABLE 5 - Proprietary Fund Net Position

	FY 2015	FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)
Theater Authority	\$1,550,471	\$1,640,120	(\$89,649)
Solid Waste Management	453,595	584,120	(130,525)
Water and Sewer	15,487,366	14,137,173	1,350,193
Natural Gas	1,386,092	1,708,019	(321,927)
Storm Water	1,789,891	1,475,327	314,564
Total Proprietary Fund Balance	\$20,667,415	\$19,544,759	\$1,122,656

Readers should note that Theater Authority historically shows a reduction in net position each year due to depreciation of the Theater building. The total depreciation in 2015 was \$132,427. The Solid Waste Fund generally has a low net position as we try to set billing rates equal to anticipated expenses; however, we do have some fluctuation from year to year. Natural Gas rates are set based on market price plus a margin. As a result, net position fluctuates from year to year; however, the combination of a warm winter, lower industrial sales volume, and profit sharing with the General Fund has reduced the available net position. The Water & Sewer Fund's and the Storm Water Fund's increases are due to long-term debt reduction, lower maintenance expenses as well as other reduction in Water & Sewer.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Actual 2015 revenues in the General Fund of \$9,333,217 were less than the budget by \$514,865. Minor variances occurred within several of the line items with the most noteworthy variance being property tax revenue and fines and forfeitures. Property Tax revenue came in \$385,138 less than budgeted, while fines and forfeitures were \$143,753 less than anticipated. The reader should also note that the adopted budget anticipated a millage rate increase. However, the rate remained the same with declining values. These revenue sources also fluctuate based on economic conditions. However, our collection rate within the first year of billing has consistently been near 95%.

The actual expenditure amount of \$9,732,275 represents a positive variance of \$851,596 to the final budgeted amount of \$10,583,871. Most departments came in less than budget. The main source of the overall favorable variance is lower than anticipated general government expenditures and public safety expenditures.

Readers should note that throughout the year the budget ordinance is amended to reflect changes in revenues and expenditures that were not known at the time the budget was passed. For expenditures, the reduction of budgets largely reflects a control on spending in response to decreased revenues. See Table 6 below for a comparison of original expenditure budgets and final budgets.

Several departments incurred significant changes from original budget to amended "final" budget. These changes were based on mid-year and continued analysis of expenditures and expected revenues as well as departmental needs.

TABLE 6 - ORIGINAL AND AMENDED EXPENDITURE BUDGETS

	Original Budget 2015	Amended Budget 2015	Increase (Decrease) from Original to Amended
Mayor & Council	\$596,572	\$596,572	-
Finance	120,033	120,033	-
City Manager	49,544	58,809	9,265
Computer Operations	115,511	115,511	-
Personnel	174,515	179,705	5,190
Judicial	98,855	80,022	(18,833)
Police	3,153,297	3,153,297	-
Fire	3,261,433	3,261,433	-
Planning & Inspections	216,387	216,387	-
Shop	106,408	132,792	26,384
Public Services	46,582	46,582	-
Streets	671,652	781,604	109,952
Cemetery	31,849	31,849	-
Transportation	258,208	241,718	(16,490)
Grounds & Maintenance	518,607	518,607	-
Community Development	317,388	276,920	(40,468)
Health and Welfare	-	-	-
Debt Service	536,030	536,030	-
Transfers to Other Depts.	311,000	236,000	(75,000)
Total Budget	\$10,583,871	\$10,583,871	-

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the City had \$39,882,743 invested in capital assets. Table 7 shows fiscal year 2015 balances compared to fiscal year 2014. Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, utility systems, roads, streets, and bridges. An increase in machinery and equipment, water & sewer systems, and building improvements that are related to vehicle purchases, completion of the public safety building and water system improvements related to the close out of construction in progress projects.

TABLE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental/ Business-Type Activities 2014	Governmental/ Business-Type Activities 2015	Increase (Decrease) from 2014 to 2015
Land	\$4,125,661	\$4,120,490	(\$5,171)
Construction in progress	4,051,728	210,337	(3,841,391)
Buildings	10,182,533	10,182,533	-
Building Improvements	477,986	3,294,640	2,816,654
Improvements other than buildings	141,442	141,442	-
Machinery and equipment	9,750,805	10,111,469	360,664
Water & sewer system	41,166,442	43,438,743	2,272,301
Gas system	3,704,312	3,795,123	90,811
Storm water System	1,156,830	1,156,830	-
Infrastructure	243,138,106	243,155,606	17,500
Accumulated depreciation	(276,903,959)	(279,578,750)	(2,674,791)
Total capital assets	<u>\$40,991,886</u>	<u>\$40,028,463</u>	<u>(\$963,423)</u>

Significant additions were funded by the 2010 Combined Utility Revenue Bond series. Particular assets include drainage improvements, water main lines, well improvements, and storm water projects. Additional information on the capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the financial report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the City had \$19,224,116 in long-term debt. Governmental type activities showed a decrease from 2014. The decrease is associated with a reduction in capital leases as the debt on the energy savings contract is paid on an annual basis and debt on a fire engine is paid annually. Business-type activities showed a decrease from prior year balances due to the continued reduction in revenue bonds payable as we are paying down the debt annually, as well as the bond premium that is amortized over the life of the debt. A comparison of the different debt types and balances at year-end 2014 and 2015 are documented in Table 8 below. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 of the financial statements.

TABLE 8 - OUTSTANDING LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Governmental Activities FY 2014	Governmental Activities FY 2015	Business-Type Activities FY 2014	Business-Type Activities FY 2015	Total Combined Activities FY 2014	Total Combined Activities FY 2015
Certificates of participation	845,000	845,000	-	-	845,000	845,000
Capital leases	2,089,136	1,797,116	-	-	2,089,136	1,797,116
Revenue Bonds payable	-	-	14,520,000	13,010,000	14,520,000	13,010,000
Revenue Bonds premium	-	-	308,308	249,019	308,308	249,019
Net pension liability	3,123,249	2,657,342	564,176	480,015	3,687,425	3,137,357
Compensated absences	155,600	159,786	29,678	25,838	185,278	185,624
Total liabilities	\$6,212,985	\$5,459,244	\$15,422,162	\$13,764,872	\$21,635,147	\$19,224,116

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Americus is located in southwest Georgia in Sumter County. The 2010 U.S. Census population figure for the City was 17,041. The population of the City of Americus represents slightly over half of all of Sumter County. The economic condition and outlook of the City is mixed due to several factors. Economic recovery from an EF3 tornado that hit in 2007 started off with great momentum, but has been challenging in light of the general downturn of the economy. Although most of the businesses have rebuilt, the impact of this event is still with the City and the County. The total devastation of Sumter Regional Hospital resulted in an overall reduction in local medical services. However, the new Phoebe Sumter Medical Center opened its doors in December 2012 resulting in medical services that have surpassed the pre-tornado level.

Local unemployment rates have been steady over the last year. The average for 2015 & 2014 was 9.6%. The prevailing rate for this area prior to the tornado and the national recession was around 5% to 7%.

On the positive side, local economic recovery is expected with some recent and upcoming projects. The new Cordele Intermodal Center opened in early 2012. This project, which is a joint venture of Sumter and Crisp counties, links the Port of Savannah with Southwest Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and the Florida panhandle by rail. This is a long-term project that is expected to have a great impact in the four state regions. Current companies using the center include Mulcoa and Big Tex Trailers. Other large companies have shown interest which could result in hundreds of jobs. Initial employment at the center is 50 to 100.

The local economy is also reaping the benefits of another joint venture through the University of Georgia Archway Partnership. Funding partners in this venture include the Sumter County Board of Commissioners, the City of Americus, the Sumter County Board of Education, Phoebe Sumter Medical Group, and Americus-Sumter County Payroll Development Authority. Through this partnership, our local leaders have access to resources offered by the University that would otherwise be unavailable in this area.

Another very positive project was announced in February 2012. Star Racing, a local company, plans to build a \$12 million world class motorsports & entertainment facility right outside the City limits. The facility is expected to boost the economy by \$75 million annually and employ as many as 200 full-time positions. The complex will include grand stands for 10,000 people and parking for 7,500 vehicles. Plans are underway to assure that infrastructure needs are met. These include, but are not limited to, widening of streets to handle the traffic, extension and expansion of water and sewer lines, and possibly natural gas lines.

Georgia Southwestern State University expanded to include the addition of the Health and Sciences Building. The University has had a steady enrollment over the past six years. The 2015 enrollment stands at approximately 2,700. The university continues to be a significant economic factor in this community and those closely connected to Americus. Additionally, South Georgia Technical College's steady enrollment continues to contribute to the local economy as well.

The City's adopted budget for 2016 does not include a cost of living increase or merit increases. However, as previously mentioned, the police department sworn officers did receive a salary increase of approximately 17%. We are conservatively spending in order to avoid other cost cutting strategies like furloughing.

The financial position of the City is a result of careful budget management and expenditure of funds. The City has been able to maintain or slightly increase the millage rate on ad valorem taxes for the past several years. The millage rate for 2015 was set at 10.32, which was the same in 2014. The 2015 budget includes general fund expenditures of \$10,583,871. The budget also includes hefty contributions to the employee retirement plan due to the currently underfunded program. General inflation for energy costs, supplies, and repairs, as well as rate increases in contractual services are also included in the 2015 budget.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Diadra Powell, Finance Director for the City of Americus at 1404 E. Forsyth Street, Americus, Georgia 31709, 229-924-4411 ext.222, or dpowell@americusga.gov.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental	Business-type	Total	Downtown	Tourism
	Activities	Activities		Development Authority	Council
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,699,308	\$ 6,416,725	\$ 13,116,033	\$ 51,558	\$ 77,321
Investments	554,256	-	554,256	-	-
Taxes receivable	1,043,359	-	1,043,359	-	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	370,129	2,045,621	2,415,750	18,000	-
Due from component unit	12,536	-	12,536	-	-
Mortgage receivable	61,523	-	61,523	-	-
Due from other governments	285,609	-	285,609	-	-
Internal balances	433,859	(433,859)	-	-	-
Inventories	33,058	142,520	175,578	-	-
Prepaid expenses	34,975	32,124	67,099	186	-
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents	-	3,556,554	3,556,554	-	-
Fair value of interest rate swap agreement	258,400	-	258,400	-	-
Other assets, deposits	-	6,203	6,203	-	-
Capital assets, non-depreciable	3,877,237	453,590	4,330,827	-	-
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	12,130,836	23,566,800	35,697,636	761,307	-
Total assets	<u>25,795,085</u>	<u>35,786,278</u>	<u>61,581,363</u>	<u>831,051</u>	<u>77,321</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension	436,911	78,923	515,834	-	-

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental	Business-type	Total	Downtown	Tourism
	Activities	Activities		Development Authority	Council
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 421,720	\$ 866,197	\$ 1,287,917	\$ 7,146	\$ 642
Accrued liabilities	97,900	133,739	231,639	109	236
Due to primary government	-	-	-	7,552	4,984
Unearned revenues - prepaid taxes and licenses	113,651	-	113,651	-	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	1,947,008	1,947,008	-	-
Certificates of participation due in more than one year	845,000	-	845,000	-	-
Capital leases due within one year	291,760	-	291,760	-	-
Capital leases due in more than one year	1,505,356	-	1,505,356	-	-
Compensated absences due within one year	159,786	25,838	185,624	-	-
Net pension liability	2,657,342	480,015	3,137,357	-	-
Bonds payable due in more than one year	-	11,709,019	11,709,019	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>6,092,515</u>	<u>15,161,816</u>	<u>21,254,331</u>	<u>14,807</u>	<u>5,862</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging activities	258,400	-	258,400	-	-
Pension	199,134	35,970	235,104	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>457,534</u>	<u>35,970</u>	<u>493,504</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	13,365,957	11,197,938	24,563,895	761,307	-
Restricted for system extension	-	1,471,000	1,471,000	-	-
Restricted for community development	528,353	-	528,353	-	-
Restricted for capital projects	4,123,378	-	4,123,378	-	-
Unrestricted	1,664,259	7,998,477	9,662,736	54,937	71,459
Total net position	<u>\$ 19,681,947</u>	<u>\$ 20,667,415</u>	<u>\$ 40,349,362</u>	<u>\$ 816,244</u>	<u>\$ 71,459</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position			Component Units	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Downtown Development Authority	Tourism Council
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 1,061,848	\$ 1,776,359	\$ 44,710	\$ -	\$ 759,221	\$ -	\$ 759,221	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial	77,591	-	-	-	(77,591)	-	(77,591)	-	-
Public safety	5,890,222	249,284	129,004	2,317	(5,509,617)	-	(5,509,617)	-	-
Public works	1,949,200	-	5,403	215,754	(1,728,043)	-	(1,728,043)	-	-
Community development	495,700	884	38,226	181,225	(275,365)	-	(275,365)	-	-
Culture and recreation	27,732	-	-	-	(27,732)	-	(27,732)	-	-
Health and welfare	17,488	-	4,535	-	(12,953)	-	(12,953)	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	105,076	-	-	-	(105,076)	-	(105,076)	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>9,624,857</u>	<u>2,026,527</u>	<u>221,878</u>	<u>399,296</u>	<u>(6,977,156)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,977,156)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Business-type activities:									
Theater	510,975	120,902	70,000	-	-	(320,073)	(320,073)	-	-
Stormwater	458,937	773,501	-	-	-	314,564	314,564	-	-
Solid waste	2,968,631	2,838,005	-	-	-	(130,626)	(130,626)	-	-
Water and sewer	4,895,582	6,244,153	-	-	-	1,348,571	1,348,571	-	-
Natural gas	2,457,505	2,435,480	-	-	-	(22,025)	(22,025)	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>11,291,630</u>	<u>12,412,041</u>	<u>70,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,190,411</u>	<u>1,190,411</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 20,916,487</u>	<u>\$ 14,438,568</u>	<u>\$ 291,878</u>	<u>\$ 399,296</u>	<u>(6,977,156)</u>	<u>1,190,411</u>	<u>(5,786,745)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 158,276	\$ 52,623	\$ 96,728	\$ -	-	-	-	(8,925)	-
Tourism Council	108,118	8,293	139,894	-	-	-	-	-	40,069
Total component unit	<u>\$ 266,394</u>	<u>\$ 60,916</u>	<u>\$ 236,622</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(8,925)</u>	<u>40,069</u>
General revenues:									
Property taxes					3,858,096	-	3,858,096	-	-
Sales taxes					1,594,865	-	1,594,865	-	-
Hotel/motel taxes					311,393	-	311,393	-	-
Transfer taxes					33,913	-	33,913	-	-
Alcoholic beverage taxes					383,387	-	383,387	-	-
Insurance premium tax					984,445	-	984,445	-	-
Payments in lieu of taxes					230,400	-	230,400	-	-
Unrestricted investment earnings					81,427	1,845	83,272	-	-
Gain on sale of assets					11	-	11	-	-
Transfers					69,600	(69,600)	-	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					<u>7,547,537</u>	<u>(67,755)</u>	<u>7,479,782</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in net position					570,381	1,122,656	1,693,037	(8,925)	40,069
Net position, beginning of year, restated					19,111,566	19,544,759	38,656,325	825,169	31,390
Net position, end of year					<u>\$ 19,681,947</u>	<u>\$ 20,667,415</u>	<u>\$ 40,349,362</u>	<u>\$ 816,244</u>	<u>\$ 71,459</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

ASSETS	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,016,238	\$ 3,849,511	\$ 833,559	\$ 6,699,308
Investments	554,256	-	-	554,256
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	1,043,359	-	-	1,043,359
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	370,129	-	-	370,129
Mortgage receivable	-	-	61,523	61,523
Due from other governments	264,582	-	21,027	285,609
Due from other funds	434,084	-	-	434,084
Due from component unit	12,536	-	-	12,536
Inventories	33,058	-	-	33,058
Prepaid expenditures	34,975	-	-	34,975
Total assets	\$ 4,763,217	\$ 3,849,511	\$ 916,109	\$ 9,528,837
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 393,220	\$ 28,500	\$ -	\$ 421,720
Accrued liabilities	42,940	-	39,820	82,760
Due to other funds	225	-	-	225
Unearned revenues - unearned prepaid taxes and licenses	113,651	-	-	113,651
Total liabilities	550,036	28,500	39,820	618,356
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	792,519	-	-	792,519
Unavailable revenues - grants	22,301	-	-	22,301
Total deferred inflows of resources	814,820	-	-	814,820

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

FUND BALANCES	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>SPLOST Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 34,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,975
Inventories	33,058	-	-	33,058
Noncurrent mortgages receivable	-	-	45,569	45,569
Restricted for community development	-	-	528,353	528,353
Restricted for capital projects	-	3,821,011	302,367	4,123,378
Unassigned:	<u>3,330,328</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,330,328</u>
 Total fund balances	 <u>3,398,361</u>	 <u>3,821,011</u>	 <u>876,289</u>	 <u>8,095,661</u>
 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	 <u>\$ 4,763,217</u>	 <u>\$ 3,849,511</u>	 <u>\$ 916,109</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	16,008,073
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	436,911
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	814,820
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(199,134)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>(5,474,384)</u>
 Net position of governmental activities	 <u>\$ 19,681,947</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>SPLOST Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 7,010,276	\$ -	\$ 311,393	\$ 7,321,669
Licenses and permits	1,592,174	-	-	1,592,174
Intergovernmental	175,725	-	396,979	572,704
Fines and forfeitures	260,247	-	-	260,247
Charges for services	136,912	-	-	136,912
Interest revenue	80,823	2,317	604	83,744
Other revenues	77,060	-	884	77,944
Total revenues	<u>9,333,217</u>	<u>2,317</u>	<u>709,860</u>	<u>10,045,394</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	871,652	54,476	-	926,128
Judicial	80,022	-	-	80,022
Public safety	6,119,038	1,166,219	-	7,285,257
Public works	1,688,177	60,410	22,149	1,770,736
Community development	285,796	-	241,537	527,333
Culture and recreation	-	27,732	-	27,732
Health and welfare	17,488	-	-	17,488
Debt Service:				
Principal	292,020	-	-	292,020
Interest	107,682	-	-	107,682
Total expenditures	<u>9,461,875</u>	<u>1,308,837</u>	<u>263,686</u>	<u>11,034,398</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(128,658)</u>	<u>(1,306,520)</u>	<u>446,174</u>	<u>(989,004)</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>SPLOST Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of assets	\$ 5,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,182
Transfers in	624,182	-	84,920	709,102
Transfers out	<u>(270,400)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(369,102)</u>	<u>(639,502)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>358,964</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(284,182)</u>	<u>74,782</u>
 Net change in fund balances	 230,306	 (1,306,520)	 161,992	 (914,222)
 Fund balances, January 1	 <u>3,168,055</u>	 <u>5,127,531</u>	 <u>714,297</u>	 <u>9,009,883</u>
 Fund balances, December 31	 <u>\$ 3,398,361</u>	 <u>\$ 3,821,011</u>	 <u>\$ 876,289</u>	 <u>\$ 8,095,661</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(914,222)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay		1,629,808
Depreciation expense		(748,315)
The net effect of the sale of capital assets is to decrease net position.		(5,171)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		80,233
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal repayments - capital leases		292,020
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences		(4,186)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows		237,608
Change in accrued interest payable		2,606
		570,381
	\$	570,381

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

GENERAL FUND

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 4,168,404	\$ 4,168,404	\$ 3,783,266	\$ (385,138)
Sales taxes	1,464,120	1,464,120	1,594,865	130,745
Other taxes	1,519,400	1,519,400	1,632,145	112,745
Licenses and permits	1,581,690	1,581,690	1,592,174	10,484
Intergovernmental	205,862	205,862	175,725	(30,137)
Fines and forfeitures	404,000	404,000	260,247	(143,753)
Charges for services	149,224	149,224	136,912	(12,312)
Interest revenue	68,800	68,800	80,823	12,023
Other revenue	286,582	286,582	77,060	(209,522)
Total revenues	<u>9,848,082</u>	<u>9,848,082</u>	<u>9,333,217</u>	<u>(514,865)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Mayor and council	596,572	596,572	480,519	116,053
Finance	120,033	120,033	79,447	40,586
City manager	49,544	58,809	58,809	-
Computer operations	115,511	115,511	94,792	20,719
Personnel	174,515	179,705	158,085	21,620
Total general government	<u>1,056,175</u>	<u>1,070,630</u>	<u>871,652</u>	<u>198,978</u>
Judicial, municipal court	<u>98,855</u>	<u>80,022</u>	<u>80,022</u>	<u>-</u>
Public safety:				
Police	3,153,297	3,153,297	2,981,832	171,465
Fire	3,261,433	3,261,433	2,925,672	335,761
Building risk management	216,387	216,387	211,534	4,853
Total public safety	<u>6,631,117</u>	<u>6,631,117</u>	<u>6,119,038</u>	<u>512,079</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

GENERAL FUND

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Expenditures (Continued):				
Current (Continued):				
Public works:				
Shop	\$ 106,408	\$ 132,792	\$ 132,926	\$ (134)
Public services	46,582	46,582	22,259	24,323
Streets	671,652	781,604	787,733	(6,129)
Cemetery	31,849	31,849	31,657	192
Transportation	258,208	241,718	197,569	44,149
Maintenance	518,607	518,607	516,033	2,574
Total public works	<u>1,633,306</u>	<u>1,753,152</u>	<u>1,688,177</u>	<u>64,975</u>
Community development	<u>317,388</u>	<u>276,920</u>	<u>285,796</u>	<u>(8,876)</u>
Health and Welfare - Family Connection	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,488</u>	<u>(17,488)</u>
Debt service:				
Principal	391,620	391,620	292,020	99,600
Interest	144,410	144,410	107,682	36,728
Total debt service	<u>536,030</u>	<u>536,030</u>	<u>399,702</u>	<u>136,328</u>
Total expenditures	<u>10,272,871</u>	<u>10,347,871</u>	<u>9,461,875</u>	<u>885,996</u>
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	<u>(424,789)</u>	<u>(499,789)</u>	<u>(128,658)</u>	<u>371,131</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of assets	10,000	10,000	5,182	(4,818)
Capital leases	100,000	100,000	-	(100,000)
Transfers in	625,789	625,789	624,182	(1,607)
Transfers out	<u>(311,000)</u>	<u>(236,000)</u>	<u>(270,400)</u>	<u>(34,400)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>424,789</u>	<u>499,789</u>	<u>358,964</u>	<u>(140,825)</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

GENERAL FUND

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 230,306	\$ 230,306
Fund balance, January 1,	<u>3,168,055</u>	<u>3,168,055</u>	<u>3,168,055</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 3,168,055</u>	<u>\$ 3,168,055</u>	<u>\$ 3,398,361</u>	<u>\$ 230,306</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

ASSETS	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Nonmajor	Totals
	Solid Waste Management	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	Stormwater Fund	Theater Fund	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,813	\$ 5,808,839	\$ 92,187	\$ 382,744	\$ 65,142	\$ 6,416,725
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	3,383,810	172,744	-	-	3,556,554
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	697,265	312,109	820,863	173,867	41,517	2,045,621
Due from other funds	-	175	50	-	-	225
Inventories	-	76,847	59,692	5,981	-	142,520
Prepaid expenses	4,348	13,033	5,810	4,618	4,315	32,124
Total current assets	769,426	9,594,813	1,151,346	567,210	110,974	12,193,769
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets:						
Land	-	377,491	11,482	-	-	388,973
Buildings and improvements	-	-	302,415	-	4,038,942	4,341,357
Machinery and equipment	-	1,610,253	403,552	180,180	51,732	2,245,717
Water and sewer system	-	43,438,743	-	-	-	43,438,743
Gas system	-	-	3,795,123	-	-	3,795,123
Stormwater system	-	-	-	1,156,830	-	1,156,830
Construction in progress	-	-	-	64,617	-	64,617
	-	45,426,487	4,512,572	1,401,627	4,090,674	55,431,360
Less accumulated depreciation	-	25,372,267	3,290,010	228,589	2,520,104	31,410,970
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	-	20,054,220	1,222,562	1,173,038	1,570,570	24,020,390
Advance to other funds	-	-	-	2,368,177	-	2,368,177
Other assets, deposits	-	2,300	3,903	-	-	6,203
Total noncurrent assets	-	20,056,520	1,226,465	3,541,215	1,570,570	26,394,770
Total assets	769,426	29,651,333	2,377,811	4,108,425	1,681,544	38,588,539
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension	-	40,235	22,181	6,190	10,317	78,923

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

LIABILITIES	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Nonmajor	Totals
	Solid Waste Management	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	Stormwater Fund	Theater Fund	
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Payable from current assets:						
Accounts payable	\$ 208,451	\$ 38,662	\$ 545,644	\$ 20,628	\$ 52,812	\$ 866,197
Compensated absences payable	-	10,586	9,660	2,361	3,231	25,838
Accrued liabilities	-	3,125	2,286	648	906	6,965
Accrued interest	-	101,718	-	25,056	-	126,774
Due to other funds	107,380	70,507	202,525	36,680	16,992	434,084
Payable from restricted assets:						
Current portion of revenue bonds	-	1,222,328	-	327,672	-	1,550,000
Deposits	-	288,238	108,770	-	-	397,008
Total current liabilities	<u>315,831</u>	<u>1,735,164</u>	<u>868,885</u>	<u>413,045</u>	<u>73,941</u>	<u>3,406,866</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Advances from other funds	-	2,368,177	-	-	-	2,368,177
Revenue bonds payable (net of current portion)	-	9,837,809	-	1,871,210	-	11,709,019
Net pension liability	-	244,714	134,906	37,648	62,747	480,015
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>12,450,700</u>	<u>134,906</u>	<u>1,908,858</u>	<u>62,747</u>	<u>14,557,211</u>
Total liabilities	<u>315,831</u>	<u>14,185,864</u>	<u>1,003,791</u>	<u>2,321,903</u>	<u>136,688</u>	<u>17,964,077</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension	-	18,338	10,109	2,821	4,702	35,970
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	-	9,430,650	1,222,562	(1,025,844)	1,570,570	11,197,938
Restricted for system extension	-	1,296,000	175,000	-	-	1,471,000
Unrestricted	453,595	4,760,716	(11,470)	2,815,735	(20,099)	7,998,477
Total net position	<u>\$ 453,595</u>	<u>\$ 15,487,366</u>	<u>\$ 1,386,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,789,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,550,471</u>	<u>\$ 20,667,415</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</u>				<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Theater Fund</u>	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Collection and disposal fees	\$ 2,838,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,838,005
Water sales	-	2,709,476	-	-	-	2,709,476
Sewer sales	-	3,118,205	-	-	-	3,118,205
Gas sales	-	-	2,192,788	-	-	2,192,788
Stormwater fees	-	-	-	773,501	-	773,501
Other fees and charges	-	416,472	242,692	-	120,902	780,066
Total operating revenues	<u>2,838,005</u>	<u>6,244,153</u>	<u>2,435,480</u>	<u>773,501</u>	<u>120,902</u>	<u>12,412,041</u>
Operating expenses:						
Sanitation services	2,968,631	-	-	-	-	2,968,631
Water maintenance	-	847,666	-	-	-	847,666
Water treatment plant	-	796,444	-	-	-	796,444
Wastewater treatment plant	-	957,201	-	-	-	957,201
Utility billing	-	387,966	-	-	-	387,966
Stormwater collection and disposal	-	-	-	345,719	-	345,719
Depreciation	-	1,623,127	123,438	47,484	132,427	1,926,476
Costs of sales and services	-	-	1,138,856	-	-	1,138,856
Utility service	-	-	1,195,211	-	-	1,195,211
Theater productions	-	-	-	-	54,315	54,315
Theater operations	-	-	-	-	324,233	324,233
Total operating expenses	<u>2,968,631</u>	<u>4,612,404</u>	<u>2,457,505</u>	<u>393,203</u>	<u>510,975</u>	<u>10,942,718</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(130,626)</u>	<u>1,631,749</u>	<u>(22,025)</u>	<u>380,298</u>	<u>(390,073)</u>	<u>1,469,323</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</u>				<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Theater Fund</u>	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,000	\$ 70,000
Interest revenue	101	1,622	98	-	24	1,845
Interest expense	-	(283,178)	-	(65,734)	-	(348,912)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>101</u>	<u>(281,556)</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>(65,734)</u>	<u>70,024</u>	<u>(277,067)</u>
Income (loss) before transfers	(130,525)	1,350,193	(21,927)	314,564	(320,049)	1,192,256
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	230,400	230,400
Transfers out	-	-	(300,000)	-	-	(300,000)
Total transfers in (out)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(300,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>230,400</u>	<u>(69,600)</u>
Change in net position	(130,525)	1,350,193	(321,927)	314,564	(89,649)	1,122,656
Total net position, January 1, as restated	<u>584,120</u>	<u>14,137,173</u>	<u>1,708,019</u>	<u>1,475,327</u>	<u>1,640,120</u>	<u>19,544,759</u>
Total net position, December 31	<u>\$ 453,595</u>	<u>\$ 15,487,366</u>	<u>\$ 1,386,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,789,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,550,471</u>	<u>\$ 20,667,415</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</u>				<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Theater Fund</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,738,757	\$ 6,299,894	\$ 2,712,289	\$ 774,112	\$ 79,385	\$ 12,604,437
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(2,904,378)	(2,575,359)	(2,213,457)	(249,716)	(203,853)	(8,146,763)
Payments to employees	-	(417,444)	(249,410)	(83,867)	(174,193)	(924,914)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(165,621)	3,307,091	249,422	440,529	(298,661)	3,532,760
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	70,000	70,000
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-	230,400	230,400
Transfers to other funds	-	-	(300,000)	-	-	(300,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	-	-	(300,000)	-	300,400	400
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(80,453)	-	(6,278)	-	(86,731)
Principal payments on long-term borrowings	-	(1,191,652)	-	(318,348)	-	(1,510,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds and notes payable	-	(337,739)	-	(84,711)	-	(422,450)
Repayment of advance (to) / from other funds	-	(6,350)	-	6,350	-	-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(1,616,194)	-	(402,987)	-	(2,019,181)

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</u>				<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Theater Fund</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on investments	\$ 101	\$ 1,622	\$ 98	\$ -	\$ 24	\$ 1,845
Net cash provided by investing activities	101	1,622	98	-	24	1,845
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(165,520)	1,692,519	(50,480)	37,542	1,763	1,515,824
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year	233,333	7,500,130	315,411	345,202	63,379	8,457,455
End of year	<u>\$ 67,813</u>	<u>\$ 9,192,649</u>	<u>\$ 264,931</u>	<u>\$ 382,744</u>	<u>\$ 65,142</u>	<u>\$ 9,973,279</u>
Classified as:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,813	\$ 5,808,839	\$ 92,187	\$ 382,744	\$ 65,142	\$ 6,416,725
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents	-	3,383,810	172,744	-	-	3,556,554
	<u>\$ 67,813</u>	<u>\$ 9,192,649</u>	<u>\$ 264,931</u>	<u>\$ 382,744</u>	<u>\$ 65,142</u>	<u>\$ 9,973,279</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</u>				<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Theater Fund</u>	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (130,626)	\$ 1,631,749	\$ (22,025)	\$ 380,298	\$ (390,073)	\$ 1,469,323
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation	-	1,623,127	123,438	47,484	132,427	1,926,476
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(99,248)	26,349	263,743	611	(41,517)	149,938
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	4,144	12,184	(243)	-	16,085
Decrease in due from other funds	-	2,615	495	-	16,049	19,159
(Increase) in prepaid expenses	(394)	(403)	(396)	(858)	(345)	(2,396)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension	-	2,686	1,480	413	689	5,268
(Decrease) in accrued liabilities	-	(13,149)	(9,391)	(2,463)	(4,214)	(29,217)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	19,939	12,141	(200,066)	20,277	40,255	(107,454)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	44,708	13,202	84,444	(1,210)	(45,856)	95,288
Increase in customer deposits	-	29,392	13,066	-	-	42,458
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pension	-	18,338	10,109	2,821	4,702	35,970
(Decrease) in net pension liability	-	(42,905)	(23,653)	(6,601)	(11,001)	(84,160)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	-	(195)	(4,006)	-	223	(3,978)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ (165,621)</u>	<u>\$ 3,307,091</u>	<u>\$ 249,422</u>	<u>\$ 440,529</u>	<u>\$ (298,661)</u>	<u>\$ 3,532,760</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Americus, Georgia (the “City”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City’s accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1832 under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Georgia and beginning with the 2015 year, operates under a council/manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit. The component units discussed below are included in the City’s reporting entity because of their significance of its operational and financial relationship with the City. In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14 *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and 61, the financial statements of the component units are discretely presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The City of Americus Downtown Development Authority plans and develops the downtown area of the City in order to attract new business and residences. The governing body of this component unit is appointed by the Mayor and City Council. The City possesses the authority to review, approve, and revise the budget and governs collection and disbursement of funds. The Downtown Development Authority is audited along with the primary government financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14 and 39. However, separate financial statements are not prepared.

The Americus Sumter Tourism Council focuses on effective marketing/advertising efforts through strategically placing promotions in highly visible markets in order to attract tourists to the area. The government body has appointees from the Sumter County Chamber of Commerce (4) and the City of Americus Mayor and City Council (5). Although the City does not possess the authority to review, approve and revise the budget, the primary source of revenue is through the collection of hotel/motel taxes by the City under O.C.G.A. 49-13-51 (a) (4.2). Management has determined the activity of the Tourism Council to be important for the readers and users of the financial statements and therefore has included the entity as a component unit. The Tourism Council is audited, along with the primary government financial statements, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61. However, separate financial statements are not prepared.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **SPLOST Fund** - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of SPLOST contributions received from Sumter County.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Solid Waste Management Fund** accounts for the provision of garbage and trash pickup and disposal for the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The **Water and Sewer Fund** accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City and some residents of Sumter County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The **Natural Gas Fund** accounts for the provision of natural gas to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The ***Stormwater Fund*** accounts for the operations of the City's stormwater utility services. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The ***special revenue funds*** account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and the other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to restrict that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. There were no outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2015.

Budgets are adopted for the proprietary funds strictly for managerial purposes.

E. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

F. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The short term portion of these receivables and payables is classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds". The long-term portion of these receivables and payables is classified as "advances to other funds" and "advances from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Prepaid Expenditures/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2015 are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method is used to account for prepaid items.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

J. Deferred Outflows / Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Other than the items related to the change in the net pension liability, the City did not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category at December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Outflows / Inflows (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In addition to the items related to the change in the net pension liability, the City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. In addition, the City has one type of item arising under the full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. An effective hedge is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The effective hedge results from the change in market value of a swap agreement related to the certificates of participation. The amount is deferred and will mature on June 1, 2028.

The City also has deferred inflows and outflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example, the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized in pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. Additionally, any contributions made by the City to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the City of Americus Retirement Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by the governmental activities), the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings	100
Improvements other than buildings	20-100
Building improvements	30
Infrastructure	50-100
Machinery and equipment	5-30
Water and sewer system	5-30
Natural gas system	5-30

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits because these benefits are paid upon the illness of an employee and the amount of such payments cannot be reasonably estimated. Accumulated unpaid vacation costs are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as “fund balance”. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as “net position”.

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balance constraints are classified as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Equity (Continued)

- ***Nonspendable*** – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventory or prepaid items), or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- ***Restricted*** – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments (e.g., grants or donations).
- ***Committed*** – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- ***Assigned*** – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund. City Council has not delegated the authority to management to assign fund balance and thus has retained the right to assign fund balance.
- ***Unassigned*** – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criteria. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. All funds may report negative unassigned fund balances.

Flow Assumptions – When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the City starts with the most restricted category and spends those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds. When the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between asset and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of the reconciliation explains that “long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.” The details of this \$5,474,384 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (159,786)
Capital leases payable	(1,797,116)
Certificates of participation	(845,000)
Net pension liability	(2,657,342)
Accrued interest	<u>(15,140)</u>
Net adjustment to reduce <i>fund balance - total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>net position - governmental activities</i>	<u><u>\$ (5,474,384)</u></u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to November 1, a proposed operating budget is submitted to the Mayor and Council for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A public hearing is conducted at the December Agenda Setting Meeting in the Council Chambers of the Russell Thomas, Jr. Public Safety Building to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
4. The City department heads are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within a department; however, any revisions that affect the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the Mayor and Council. Requests for additional personnel within a department must also be approved by the Mayor and Council. All appropriations except for capital outlay items encumbered at year end lapse. Encumbrances for capital outlay items not lapsing at year end are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget. Legally-adopted budgets are prepared, as described above, on a departmental basis for General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. To ensure sound financial administration, the Mayor and Council also adopt an annual operating budget for the City's Enterprise Funds. The budget is not formally integrated with the accounts of the Enterprise Funds, but interim detailed management reports are developed which indicate specific variances from the planned budget for operations.
6. Budgets for the General, and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are presented in accordance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted on December 18, 2014 or as amended by the Mayor and Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the following General Fund departments had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts: Shop - \$134, Streets - \$6,129, Community development - \$8,876, and Health and welfare - \$17,488. These over expenditures were covered by under expenditures in other departments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of any other political subdivision of the State of Georgia. The City has no formal credit risk policy other than to only invest in obligations authorized by the State of Georgia. As of December 31, 2015, the City's only investment was a guaranteed contract investment, which was rated A by Standard & Poor's.

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Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting its investments to those with maturity of no more than one (1) year, unless matched to a specific requirement.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of December 31, 2015, the deposits of the City were fully collateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements and the State of Georgia.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of failure of the depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2015, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk for its investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of January 1. The tax levy is divided into two billings. The first billing was mailed on July 9, 2015, and the second billing was mailed on October 28, 2015. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due dates were September 9, 2015 and December 28, 2015. On these dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City. Property taxes levied for 2015 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during 2015 and expected to be collected by March 1, 2016, are recognized as revenues in 2015. Net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to March 1, 2016 are recorded as revenue when received. Prior year levies were recorded using substantially the same principles, and remaining receivables are reevaluated annually.

Receivables consisted of the following at December 31, 2015:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Solid Waste Management</u>	<u>Water and Sewer</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>	<u>Stormwater Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:							
Mortgages	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 356,731	\$ 356,731
Taxes	1,170,359	-	-	-	-	-	1,170,359
Intergovernmental	264,582	-	-	-	-	21,027	285,609
Accounts	499,129	791,265	433,109	883,863	208,867	41,517	2,857,750
Gross receivables	<u>1,934,070</u>	<u>791,265</u>	<u>433,109</u>	<u>883,863</u>	<u>208,867</u>	<u>419,275</u>	<u>4,670,449</u>
Less allowance for uncollectibles	<u>(256,000)</u>	<u>(94,000)</u>	<u>(121,000)</u>	<u>(63,000)</u>	<u>(35,000)</u>	<u>(295,208)</u>	<u>(864,208)</u>
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 1,678,070</u>	<u>\$ 697,265</u>	<u>\$ 312,109</u>	<u>\$ 820,863</u>	<u>\$ 173,867</u>	<u>\$ 124,067</u>	<u>\$ 3,806,241</u>

The delinquent taxes receivable account represents a portion of the last seven years of uncollectible tax levies. The allowance for estimated uncollectibles is 12.2% of the total delinquent taxes receivable at December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the City has \$290,434 in forgivable loans receivable. These loans are recorded in the following nonmajor governmental funds: CDBG Fund, 2007 CDBG, and the 2007 CHIP Fund. Amounts represent loans to individuals in conjunction with the rehabilitation of private property and financing for locally owned businesses. Provided the terms of the loans are not violated, these loans will be forgiven at the end of the loan term. As the likelihood of violation of the loan terms, and thus cash repayment is remote, the City has elected to record an allowance for the total outstanding balance of the loans.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	244,130
Public safety		238,196
Public works		265,989
		265,989
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	748,315
Business-type activities:		
Theater Authority	\$	132,427
Natural gas		123,438
Stormwater		47,484
Water and sewer		1,623,127
		1,623,127
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	1,926,476

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, is as follows:

A. Primary Government (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2015
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,736,688	\$ -	\$ (5,171)	\$ -	\$ 3,731,517
Construction in progress	1,630,278	1,329,096	-	(2,813,654)	145,720
Total	<u>5,366,966</u>	<u>1,329,096</u>	<u>(5,171)</u>	<u>(2,813,654)</u>	<u>3,877,237</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	6,200,534	-	-	-	6,200,534
Improvements other than buildings	141,442	-	-	-	141,442
Building improvements	118,628	3,000	-	2,813,654	2,935,282
Infrastructure	243,138,106	17,500	-	-	243,155,606
Machinery and equipment	7,585,540	280,212	-	-	7,865,752
Total	<u>257,184,250</u>	<u>300,712</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,813,654</u>	<u>260,298,616</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,161,547	174,012	-	-	2,335,559
Improvements other than buildings	115,030	6,353	-	-	121,383
Building improvements	37,256	6,421	-	-	43,677
Infrastructure	240,396,909	155,283	-	-	240,552,192
Machinery and equipment	4,708,723	406,246	-	-	5,114,969
Total	<u>247,419,465</u>	<u>748,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,167,780</u>
Total assets, being depreciated, net	<u>9,764,785</u>	<u>(447,603)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,813,654</u>	<u>12,130,836</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 15,131,751</u>	<u>\$ 881,493</u>	<u>\$ (5,171)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,008,073</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2015
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 388,973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 388,973
Construction in progress	2,421,450	6,279	-	(2,363,112)	64,617
Total	<u>2,810,423</u>	<u>6,279</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,363,112)</u>	<u>453,590</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,981,999	-	-	-	3,981,999
Building improvements	359,358	-	-	-	359,358
Machinery and equipment	2,165,265	80,452	-	-	2,245,717
Water and sewer system	41,166,442	-	-	2,272,301	43,438,743
Gas system	3,704,312	-	-	90,811	3,795,123
Stormwater system	1,156,830	-	-	-	1,156,830
Total	<u>52,534,206</u>	<u>80,452</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,363,112</u>	<u>54,977,770</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,251,772	123,416	-	-	2,375,188
Building improvements	310,914	8,184	-	-	319,098
Machinery and equipment	1,642,363	145,236	-	-	1,787,599
Water and sewer system	22,565,061	1,527,255	-	-	24,092,316
Gas system	2,640,219	99,248	-	-	2,739,467
Stormwater system	74,165	23,137	-	-	97,302
Total	<u>29,484,494</u>	<u>1,926,476</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,410,970</u>
Total assets, being depreciated, net	<u>23,049,712</u>	<u>(1,846,024)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,363,112</u>	<u>23,566,800</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 25,860,135</u>	<u>\$ (1,839,745)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24,020,390</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Downtown Development Authority

	<u>Balance January 1, 2015</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance December 31, 2015</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	\$ 783,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 783,728
Equipment	122,742	-	-	122,742
Buildings	315,000	-	-	315,000
Total	<u>1,221,470</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,221,470</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	271,728	15,096	-	286,824
Equipment	117,146	4,642	-	121,788
Buildings	48,400	3,151	-	51,551
Total	<u>437,274</u>	<u>22,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>460,163</u>
Total assets, being depreciated, net	<u>784,196</u>	<u>(22,889)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>761,307</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 784,196</u>	<u>\$ (22,889)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 761,307</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Revenue Bonds. The City issues revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

During 2010, the City issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$13,760,000 to finance construction and improvements to its water, sewer and stormwater systems and to repay certain loans from the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA). A portion (73.36%) of the outstanding bonds is recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund, and the remaining amount (26.64%) is recorded in the Stormwater Fund.

During 2013, the City issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$5,760,000 to finance construction and improvements to its water and sewer systems and to repay certain loans from the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA). Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Original Term</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	<u>Current Amount</u>
Water and Sewer	2.00% - 4.00%	11 years	2021	\$ 5,872,468
Stormwater	2.00% - 4.00%	11 years	2021	2,132,532
Water and Sewer	1.20% - 2.40%	15 years	2028	5,005,000
				<u>\$ 13,010,000</u>

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending December 31,			
2016	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 380,320	\$ 1,930,320
2017	1,595,000	337,020	1,932,020
2018	1,640,000	292,420	1,932,420
2019	1,685,000	246,570	1,931,570
2020	1,745,000	188,690	1,933,690
2021 - 2025	3,685,000	331,638	4,016,638
2026 - 2028	1,110,000	45,405	1,155,405
	<u>\$ 13,010,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,822,063</u>	<u>\$ 14,832,063</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Certificates of Participation. The City leases certain equipment through a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by GMA. GMA passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the City's participation totaling \$845,000. The lease pool agreement with GMA provides that the City owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal of \$845,000 is due in a lump-sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The City draws from the investment to lease equipment from GMA. The lease pool agreement requires the City to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation. The GMA lease program expires December 2028.

The Certificates of Participation's debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31,			
2016	\$ -	\$ 40,138	\$ 40,138
2017	-	40,138	40,138
2018	-	40,138	40,138
2019	-	40,138	40,138
2020	-	40,138	40,138
2021-2025	-	200,690	200,690
2026-2028	845,000	120,112	965,112
	\$ 845,000	\$ 521,492	\$ 1,366,492

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Certificates of Participation (Continued). As part of the issuance of the certificates of participation, the City entered into an interest rate swap agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City is required to pay (i) a semiannual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the “Swap Payment”); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the City a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the certificates of participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such Contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the Contract, and (ii) a one-time Swap Premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semiannual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the City are structured, and expected, to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the Contract, and related distributions of interest on the Certificates. Monthly interest payments between the City, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City’s obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the certificates of participation. This derivative qualifies as a fair market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap’s fair value. To minimize this risk, the City executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa1 by Moody’s. At December 31, 2015, the floating rate being paid by the City is 0.37% and the market value of this agreement is \$258,400, an increase of \$16,361 from the market value at the end of the previous fiscal year. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on December 31, 2015 based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported as an asset in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until fiscal year-end) is deferred and reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position.

Capital Leases. The City has also entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of a fire substation, a fire truck, two fire pumpers, and a customer service center through local financial institutions and through GMA (but not included as part of the above-mentioned lease pool). The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Assets under capital lease totaled \$2,047,104 with accumulated depreciation of \$506,350 as of December 31, 2015. Current year depreciation for these capital assets was \$88,343.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at December 31, 2015:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	
2016	\$ 347,296
2017	357,277
2018	318,594
2019	318,612
2020	205,671
2021-2022	443,722
Total minimum lease payments	<u>1,991,172</u>
Less: Amount representing interest	<u>(194,056)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 1,797,116</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, is as follows:

	<u>Balance January 1, 2015</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance December 31, 2015</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Certificates of participation	\$ 845,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 845,000	\$ -
Capital lease obligations	2,089,136	-	292,020	1,797,116	291,760
Net pension liability	3,123,249	1,093,895	1,559,802	2,657,342	-
Compensated absences	155,600	245,582	241,396	159,786	159,786
Long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 6,212,985</u>	<u>\$ 1,339,477</u>	<u>\$ 2,093,218</u>	<u>\$ 5,459,244</u>	<u>\$ 451,546</u>
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 14,520,000	\$ -	\$ 1,510,000	\$ 13,010,000	\$ 1,550,000
Premium	308,308	-	59,289	249,019	-
	<u>14,828,308</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,569,289</u>	<u>13,259,019</u>	<u>1,550,000</u>
Net pension liability	564,176	197,598	281,759	480,015	-
Compensated absences	29,678	39,739	43,579	25,838	25,838
Long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 15,422,162</u>	<u>\$ 237,337</u>	<u>\$ 1,894,627</u>	<u>\$ 13,764,872</u>	<u>\$ 1,575,838</u>

The current portion of revenue bonds payable is included in liabilities payable from restricted assets on the statement of net position. For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Theater Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, and Natural Gas Fund. Compensated absences are required to be liquidated prior to the employee's anniversary date. Any leave not taken within this time frame is forfeited. As such, the entire liability for compensated absences is shown as due within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of due to/from balances as of December 31, 2015, is as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 70,507
General Fund	Natural Gas Fund	202,525
General Fund	Solid Waste Management Fund	107,380
General Fund	Stormwater Fund	36,680
General Fund	Nonmajor enterprise funds	16,992
Natural Gas Fund	General Fund	50
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund	175
		\$ 434,309

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of advances to/from other funds is as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Stormwater Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 2,368,177

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Nonmajor enterprise fund	General Fund	\$ 230,400
General Fund	Natural Gas Fund	300,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	40,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	44,920
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	324,182
		\$ 939,502

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan, the City of Americus Retirement Plan, provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City of Americus Retirement Plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by City ordinance. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at www.gmanet.com or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Employee Benefit Section, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Plan Membership. As of July 1, 2015 pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	108
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	88
Active plan members	<u>155</u>
	<u><u>351</u></u>

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement System Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Council, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by Plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees make no contributions to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City's contribution rate was 12.05% of annual payroll. City contributions to the Plan were \$687,779.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability of the City

Effective January 1, 2015, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement no. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, as well as Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, which significantly changed the City's accounting for pension amounts. The information disclosed below is presented in accordance with these new standards.

The City's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of March 31, 2015.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50%
Projected salary increases	3.25% plus service based merit increases
Net investment rate of return	7.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP- 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – June 30, 2014.

The cost of living adjustment is assumed to be 0.00%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	50%	5.95%
International equity	15%	6.45%
Fixed income	25%	1.55%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
	100%	

* Rates shown are net of the 3.25% assumed rate of inflation

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2015, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 14,334,433	\$ 10,647,008	\$ 3,687,425
<i>Changes for the year</i>			
Service cost	182,249	-	182,249
Interest	1,078,396	-	1,078,396
Differences between expected and actual experience	(33,364)	-	(33,364)
Contributions - employer	-	722,212	(722,212)
Net investment income	-	1,022,375	(1,022,375)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(839,288)	(839,288)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(30,848)	30,848
Other	(63,610)	-	(63,610)
<i>Net changes</i>	324,383	874,451	(550,068)
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 14,658,816	\$ 11,521,459	\$ 3,137,357

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% increase (8.75%)
City of Americus' net pension liability	\$ 4,881,948	\$ 3,137,357	\$ 1,671,450

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of March 31, 2015 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$407,248. At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (25,023)
Changes in assumptions	-	(47,709)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(162,372)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	515,834	-
	\$ 515,834	\$ (235,104)

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$515,834 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a component of pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:		
2016	\$	64,837
2017		64,837
2018		64,837
2019		40,593
	\$	235,104

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to: torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which, except as described in the following paragraphs, the City carries commercial insurance in amounts deemed prudent by City management. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of this risk pool, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the fund being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the fund.

The fund is to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the Workers' Compensation law of Georgia. The fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

NOTE 11. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied a 7% lodging tax. Of this percentage, 2% is given to the Rylander Theater for use in the operating expenditures and promotion of the Theater. The Tourism Council receives 4% of the remaining 5% lodging tax to be used for the promotion of tourism. Remaining funds are used by the City for other activities to promote tourism. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the City collected \$311,393 in hotel/motel taxes, and expended 100% of this amount on tourism and the promotion of the Theater.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is involved in several small or pending lawsuits. In the opinion of management, based on consultations with legal counsel, an unfavorable outcome in excess of insurance coverage is unlikely.

Grant Contingencies

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, the City's management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Construction Commitments

In addition to the liabilities enumerated in the balance sheet at December 31, 2015, the City has contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts of approximately \$615,509.

Agreements with Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia

The City has entered into a contract for the purchase of wholesale natural gas supplies and related services with the Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia (MGAG) that requires the City to purchase all of its natural gas from MGAG. The gas supply contract with MGAG authorizes MGAG to establish rates and charges so as to produce revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs and retire its bonds issued to acquire long-term gas supplies for sale to its members, including the City. In the event that revenues are insufficient to cover all costs and retire bonds issued by MGAG, the City is obligated to pay its obligation share of the costs of the gas supply and related services MGAG provides to the City, which costs include amounts equal to principal and interest on MGAG's bonds. These obligations, which extend through the year 2016, are general obligations of the City to which the City's full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged. The City's obligation to MGAG for gas supply costs are based on MGAG's costs to provide such supply, including bonds issued to purchase long-term rights to bulk supply. Payments to MGAG are made monthly based on actual usage. The total payments under these contracts amounted to \$1,310,374.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Agreements with Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia (Continued)

At December 31, 2015, the outstanding debt of MGAG was approximately \$176,138,000. The City's guarantee varies by individual projects undertaken by MGAG and totals approximately \$1,561,000 at December 31, 2015.

NOTE 13. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eight county west central Georgia area, is a member of the River Valley Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2015, the City paid \$16,376 in such dues. Membership in a Regional Commission is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the Regional Commission in Georgia. The Regional Commission Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a Regional Commission. Separate financial statements may be obtained from River Valley Regional Commission, 228 West Lamar Street, Americus, Georgia 31709.

The Americus/Sumter County Airport Authority (the "Airport Authority") is comprised of five board members; two appointed by the County, two appointed by the City, and one joint appointment. The City allocates to the Airport Authority an amount each year to assist with general operating expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the City paid the Airport Authority \$15,000. The City governing body does not approve the budget nor does it have any oversight of the day-to-day operations of the Airport Authority. The Airport Authority was established to buy, sell, and own property. Separate financial statements for the Americus/Sumter County Airport Authority are not available.

NOTE 14. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City's governing board is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Americus Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for this organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 15. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, through which accounting for pension plans and related disclosures were modified. A restatement to the January 1, 2015 beginning net position was required to recognize these changes in accounting principles. The resulting adjustments to the financial statements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as previously reported	\$ 21,768,739	\$ 20,024,742
Change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71	(2,657,173)	(479,983)
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as restated	\$ 19,111,566	\$ 19,544,759
	Water and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as previously reported	\$ 14,381,871	\$ 1,842,915
Change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71	(244,698)	(134,896)
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as restated	\$ 14,137,173	\$ 1,708,019
	Stormwater Fund	Theatre Fund
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as previously reported	\$ 1,512,973	\$ 1,702,863
Change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71	(37,646)	(62,743)
Beginning net position, January 1, 2015 as restated	\$ 1,475,327	\$ 1,640,120

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY
AND RELATED RATIOS**

	<u>December 31, 2015</u>
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 182,249
Interest on total pension liability	1,078,396
Differences between expected and actual experience	(33,364)
Changes of assumptions	(63,610)
Benefit payments	<u>(839,288)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	324,383
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>14,334,433</u>
Total pension liability - ending	<u>\$ 14,658,816</u>
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 722,212
Contributions - employee	-
Net investment income	1,022,375
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(839,288)
Administrative expense	<u>(30,848)</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	874,451
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>10,647,008</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	<u>\$ 11,521,459</u>
Net pension liability - ending	<u>\$ 3,137,357</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	78.60%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,554,657
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	56.48%

Notes to the Schedule

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 687,779
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	687,779
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	5,597,791
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.29%

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation date	July 1, 2016
Cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Actuarial asset valuation method	Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial valuation is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.
Assumed rate of return on investments	7.75%
Projected salary increases	3.25% plus service based merit increases
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
Amortization method	Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability
Remaining amortization period	Varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 10 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Community Development Block Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's community development department. Financing is provided by grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the State of Georgia Departments of Community Affairs and Natural Resources.

State Revolving Loan Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's revolving loans. Original funding was provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development through the State of Georgia's Department of Community Affairs.

2007 CHIP Fund - This fund is used to account for a grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Community Home Investment Program.

2001 Program Income Fund - This fund is used to account for program income associated with a Community Development Block Grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

2004 ISTEА Fund - This fund is used to account for a grant received from the U.S. Department of Transportation for transportation enhancement activities.

2007 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund - This fund is used to account for a Community Development Block Grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

2014 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund - This fund is used to account for a Community Development Block Grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of hotel/motel taxes.

TSPLOST Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of TSPLOST contributions received from the Georgia State Financing and Investing Commission.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Community Development Block Grant	State Revolving Loan	2007 CHIP	2001 Program Income	2004 ISTEA
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,126	\$ 325,556	\$ 1,080	\$ 20,586	\$ 45,988
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage receivable, net of allowance	25,599	19,970	-	15,954	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 85,725</u>	<u>\$ 345,526</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$ 36,540</u>	<u>\$ 45,988</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,954	\$ -
Total liabilities	-	-	-	15,954	-
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable - long-term receivable	25,599	19,970	-	-	-
Restricted for community development	60,126	325,556	1,080	20,586	45,988
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>85,725</u>	<u>345,526</u>	<u>1,080</u>	<u>20,586</u>	<u>45,988</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 85,725</u>	<u>\$ 345,526</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$ 36,540</u>	<u>\$ 45,988</u>

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CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2015

ASSETS	Special Revenue Funds				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	2007 CDBG	2014 CDBG	Hotel/Motel Tax	TSPLOST Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 88,885	\$ -	\$ 291,338	\$ 833,559
Due from other governments	-	-	-	21,027	21,027
Mortgage receivable, net of allowance	-	-	-	-	61,523
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 88,885	\$ -	\$ 312,365	\$ 916,109
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 13,868	\$ -	\$ 9,998	\$ 39,820
Total liabilities	-	13,868	-	9,998	39,820
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable - long-term receivable	-	-	-	-	45,569
Restricted for community development	-	75,017	-	-	528,353
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	302,367	302,367
Total fund balances	-	75,017	-	302,367	876,289
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ -	\$ 88,885	\$ -	\$ 312,365	\$ 916,109

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Community Development Block Grant	State Revolving Loan	2007 CHIP	2001 Program Income	2004 ISTEA
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	456	-	-	-
Other revenues	-	-	-	884	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>884</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>884</u>	<u>-</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	-	456	-	884	-
Fund balances, January 1	<u>85,725</u>	<u>345,070</u>	<u>1,080</u>	<u>19,702</u>	<u>45,988</u>
Fund balances, December 31	<u>\$ 85,725</u>	<u>\$ 345,526</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$ 20,586</u>	<u>\$ 45,988</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Special Revenue Funds			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	2007 CDBG	2014 CDBG	Hotel/ Motel Tax		TSPLOST Fund
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 311,393	\$ -	\$ 311,393
Intergovernmental	-	181,225	-	215,754	396,979
Interest income	-	-	-	148	604
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	884
Total revenues	-	181,225	311,393	215,902	709,860
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works	-	-	-	22,149	22,149
Community development	-	191,228	-	50,309	241,537
Total expenditures	-	191,228	-	72,458	263,686
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(10,003)	311,393	143,444	446,174
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	84,920	-	-	84,920
Transfers out	-	-	(311,393)	(57,709)	(369,102)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	84,920	(311,393)	(57,709)	(284,182)
Net change in fund balances	-	74,917	-	85,735	161,992
Fund balances, January 1	-	100	-	216,632	714,297
Fund balances, December 31	\$ -	\$ 75,017	\$ -	\$ 302,367	\$ 876,289

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues, interest income	\$ 165	\$ -	\$ (165)
Expenditures, community development projects	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	165	-	(165)
Fund balance, January 1	<u>85,725</u>	<u>85,725</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 85,890</u>	<u>\$ 85,725</u>	<u>\$ (165)</u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues:			
Interest income	\$ 312	\$ 456	\$ 144
Total revenues	<u>312</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>144</u>
Expenditures, community development projects	<u>968</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>968</u>
Net change in fund balance	(656)	456	1,112
Fund balance, January 1	<u>345,070</u>	<u>345,070</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u><u>\$ 344,414</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 345,526</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,112</u></u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**2007 CHIP FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues, intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures, community development projects	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance, January 1	<u>1,080</u>	<u>1,080</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**2001 PROGRAM INCOME FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues:			
Other revenues	\$ -	\$ 884	\$ 884
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>884</u>	<u>884</u>
Expenditures, community development projects	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	884	884
Fund balance, January 1	<u>19,702</u>	<u>19,702</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 19,702</u>	<u>\$ 20,586</u>	<u>\$ 884</u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**2004 ISTEAFUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues, intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures, community development projects	<u>75,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,000</u>
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	<u>(75,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,000</u>
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	<u>75,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(75,000)</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>75,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(75,000)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance, January 1	<u>45,988</u>	<u>45,988</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u><u>\$ 45,988</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 45,988</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**2014 CDBG FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues, intergovernmental	\$ 783,731	\$ 181,225	\$ (602,506)
Expenditures, community development projects	<u>868,651</u>	<u>191,228</u>	<u>677,423</u>
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	<u>(84,920)</u>	<u>(10,003)</u>	<u>74,917</u>
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	<u>84,920</u>	<u>84,920</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>84,920</u>	<u>84,920</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	74,917	74,917
Fund balance, January 1	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u><u>\$ 100</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 75,017</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 74,917</u></u>

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues, taxes	\$ 308,000	\$ 311,393	\$ 3,393
Other financing uses:			
Transfers out	(308,000)	(311,393)	(3,393)
Total other financing uses	(308,000)	(311,393)	(3,393)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance, January 1	-	-	-
Fund balance, December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

**CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

**TSPLOST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 221,024	\$ 215,754	\$ (5,270)
Interest income	-	148	148
Total revenues	<u>221,024</u>	<u>215,902</u>	<u>(5,122)</u>
Expenditures, public works	<u>163,315</u>	<u>72,458</u>	<u>90,857</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	57,709	143,444	85,735
Other financing uses:			
Transfers out	(57,709)	(57,709)	-
Total other financing uses	<u>(57,709)</u>	<u>(57,709)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	85,735	85,735
Fund balance, January 1	<u>216,632</u>	<u>216,632</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 216,632</u>	<u>\$ 302,367</u>	<u>\$ 85,735</u>

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF
SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
2007 ISSUANCE**

<u>Project</u>	<u>Estimated Cost</u>		<u>Expenditures</u>		<u>Cumulative Total</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>Prior Years</u>	<u>Current Year</u>	
Rees Park School	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 1,177,190	\$ 1,206,453	\$ -	\$ 1,206,453
Public Safety Building	2,801,000	2,773,996	1,647,844	1,166,054	2,813,898
Municipal Building	106,600	106,600	40,802	165	40,967
Public Works Infrastructure	<u>184,688</u>	<u>184,688</u>	<u>1,517</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,517</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,307,288</u>	<u>\$ 4,242,474</u>	<u>\$ 2,896,616</u>	<u>\$ 1,166,219</u>	<u>\$ 4,062,835</u>

NOTE: Sumter County is responsible for collecting all SPLOST funds and administering the SPLOST Program.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF
SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
2014 ISSUANCE

<u>Project</u>	<u>Estimated Cost</u>		<u>Expenditures</u>		<u>Cumulative Total</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>Prior Years</u>	<u>Current Year</u>	
Public Buildings and Facilities Renovations	\$ 2,150,000	\$ 2,150,000	\$ -	\$ 54,476	\$ 54,476
County Roads located in City Limits	81,217	81,217	-	-	-
Roads, Streets, and Bridges	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	60,410	60,410
Rylander Theater Renovations	300,000	300,000	-	27,732	27,732
South Jackson Street Corridor	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-
Public Parks and Green Spaces	1,119,480	1,119,480	-	-	-
Beltway Multipurpose Recreation Trail	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 9,650,697</u>	<u>\$ 9,650,697</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 142,618</u>	<u>\$ 142,618</u>

NOTE: Sumter County is responsible for collecting all SPLOST funds and administering the SPLOST Program.

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COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**BALANCE SHEET
COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
DECEMBER 31, 2015**

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 51,558
Accounts receivable	18,000
Prepaid expenditures	<u>186</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 69,744</u></u>
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 7,146
Accrued salaries	109
Due to primary government	<u>7,552</u>
Total liabilities	<u>14,807</u>
 FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	<u>54,937</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u><u>\$ 69,744</u></u>

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

Revenues

Surtax revenue	\$	7,339
Intergovernmental revenue		96,728
Rental income		36,405
Taste of Sumter revenue		5,354
Miscellaneous revenue		3,525
Total revenues		<u>149,351</u>

Expenditures

Current:

Community development		<u>135,387</u>
Total expenditures		<u>135,387</u>

Net change in fund balance 13,964

Fund balance, January 1 40,973

Fund balance, December 31 \$ 54,937

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COMPONENT UNIT – TOURISM COUNCIL

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
BALANCE SHEET
COMPONENT UNIT - TOURISM COUNCIL
DECEMBER 31, 2015

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 77,321
Total assets	<u>\$ 77,321</u>
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 642
Accrued salaries	236
Due to primary government	<u>4,984</u>
Total liabilities	<u>5,862</u>
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	<u>71,459</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 77,321</u>

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
COMPONENT UNIT - TOURISM COUNCIL
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	8,293
Intergovernmental revenue		<u>139,894</u>
Total revenues		<u>148,187</u>
Expenditures		
Current:		
Community development		<u>108,118</u>
Total expenditures		<u>108,118</u>
Net change in fund balance		40,069
Fund balance, January 1		<u>31,390</u>
Fund balance, December 31	\$	<u><u>71,459</u></u>

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Americus' comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	93 - 97
<i>These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</i>	
Revenue Capacity	98 - 102
<i>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.</i>	
Debt Capacity	103 - 107
<i>These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.</i>	
Demographic and Economic Information	108 - 110
<i>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.</i>	
Operating Information	111 - 113
<i>These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.</i>	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 for the year ended December 31, 2003; unless otherwise noted, schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)**

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2015</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,811,852	\$ 20,591,361	\$ 20,716,773	\$ 16,260,814	\$ 11,512,033	\$ 11,538,593	\$ 11,322,765	\$ 10,864,431	\$ 12,197,615	\$ 13,365,957
Restricted	-	284,836	320,503	-	-	609,509	1,330,517	3,278,524	5,751,145	4,651,731
Unrestricted	2,960,174	2,706,755	1,647,779	3,478,933	3,319,825	2,627,437	2,780,166	3,590,716	1,162,806	1,664,259
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 27,772,026</u>	<u>\$ 23,582,952</u>	<u>\$ 22,685,055</u>	<u>\$ 19,739,747</u>	<u>\$ 14,831,858</u>	<u>\$ 14,775,539</u>	<u>\$ 15,433,448</u>	<u>\$ 17,733,671</u>	<u>\$ 19,111,566</u>	<u>\$ 19,681,947</u>
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,530,636	\$ 12,187,522	\$ 11,852,246	\$ 12,990,568	\$ 11,341,519	\$ 11,496,750	\$ 11,389,939	\$ 11,480,131	\$ 12,260,491	\$ 11,197,938
Restricted	5,274,556	4,602,000	2,940,000	2,292,000	2,040,000	1,456,000	1,471,000	1,471,000	1,471,000	1,471,000
Unrestricted	2,187,792	3,281,856	4,892,852	3,051,535	4,172,155	4,801,652	4,375,991	5,365,129	5,813,268	7,998,477
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$ 19,992,984</u>	<u>\$ 20,071,378</u>	<u>\$ 19,685,098</u>	<u>\$ 18,334,103</u>	<u>\$ 17,553,674</u>	<u>\$ 17,754,402</u>	<u>\$ 17,236,930</u>	<u>\$ 18,316,260</u>	<u>\$ 19,544,759</u>	<u>\$ 20,667,415</u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,342,488	\$ 32,778,883	\$ 32,569,019	\$ 29,251,382	\$ 22,853,552	\$ 23,035,343	\$ 22,712,704	\$ 22,344,562	\$ 24,458,106	\$ 24,563,895
Restricted	5,274,556	4,886,836	3,260,503	2,292,000	2,040,000	2,065,509	2,801,517	4,749,524	7,222,145	6,122,731
Unrestricted	5,147,966	5,988,611	6,540,631	6,530,468	7,491,980	7,429,089	7,156,157	8,955,845	6,976,074	9,662,736
Total primary government net position	<u>\$ 47,765,010</u>	<u>\$ 43,654,330</u>	<u>\$ 42,370,153</u>	<u>\$ 38,073,850</u>	<u>\$ 32,385,532</u>	<u>\$ 32,529,941</u>	<u>\$ 32,670,378</u>	<u>\$ 36,049,931</u>	<u>\$ 38,656,325</u>	<u>\$ 40,349,362</u>

(1) Unrestricted net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities has been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71 effective January 1, 2015.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)**

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,639,137	\$ 1,851,116	\$ 2,209,923	\$ 1,591,559	\$ 1,391,039	\$ 1,360,399	\$ 1,930,310	\$ 1,263,292	\$ 1,338,170	\$ 1,061,848
Judicial ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	81,050	79,336	83,399	88,568	77,591
Public safety	6,150,431	6,409,020	6,331,966	6,514,180	6,474,734	6,542,536	6,289,518	6,546,399	6,238,160	5,890,222
Public works	5,912,117	6,410,886	6,584,678	5,617,069	6,406,697	1,399,458	1,711,443	2,006,413	2,154,276	1,949,200
Community development projects	802,716	409,829	961	-	649,819	734,990	368,118	387,284	218,292	495,700
Culture and recreation	-	93,045	1,418,331	687,695	-	-	-	1,024	696	27,732
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,488
Interest on long-term debt	138,575	260,820	27,193	54,278	83,914	103,345	105,590	99,806	114,110	105,076
Total government activities expenses	<u>\$ 14,642,976</u>	<u>\$ 15,434,716</u>	<u>\$ 16,573,052</u>	<u>\$ 14,464,781</u>	<u>\$ 15,006,203</u>	<u>\$ 10,221,778</u>	<u>\$ 10,484,315</u>	<u>\$ 10,387,617</u>	<u>\$ 10,152,272</u>	<u>\$ 9,624,857</u>
Business-type activities:										
Theater	\$ 439,565	\$ 469,761	\$ 478,109	\$ 447,145	\$ 492,354	\$ 471,842	\$ 541,896	\$ 523,076	\$ 443,312	\$ 510,975
Stormwater	-	23,758	4,948	8,159	513,372	394,760	502,216	491,243	442,213	458,937
Solid Waste	2,168,158	4,550,913	2,593,612	2,927,800	2,642,940	2,817,110	2,810,229	2,778,832	2,674,321	2,968,631
Water & Sewer	3,610,065	3,737,075	4,448,569	4,689,890	4,916,717	4,970,123	5,926,969	5,197,319	4,764,321	4,895,582
Natural Gas	4,774,930	3,767,132	3,821,609	2,985,863	3,325,219	3,311,089	2,916,692	2,928,228	3,185,808	2,457,505
Total business-type activities expenses	<u>10,992,718</u>	<u>12,548,639</u>	<u>11,346,847</u>	<u>11,058,857</u>	<u>11,890,602</u>	<u>11,964,924</u>	<u>12,698,002</u>	<u>11,918,698</u>	<u>11,509,975</u>	<u>11,291,630</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 25,635,694</u>	<u>\$ 27,983,355</u>	<u>\$ 27,919,899</u>	<u>\$ 25,523,638</u>	<u>\$ 26,896,805</u>	<u>\$ 22,186,702</u>	<u>\$ 23,182,317</u>	<u>\$ 22,306,315</u>	<u>\$ 21,662,247</u>	<u>\$ 20,916,487</u>
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,515,262	\$ 1,789,726	\$ 1,816,673	\$ 1,634,019	\$ 1,609,472	\$ 1,713,495	\$ 1,874,736	\$ 1,785,218	\$ 1,617,630	\$ 1,776,359
Public safety	435,011	355,537	294,992	378,172	372,439	346,835	475,014	458,166	312,128	249,284
Community development	897,825	52,409	46,221	31,784	51,382	46,381	17,323	15,910	21,316	884
Operating grants and contributions	914,227	1,469,351	1,858,435	748,965	166,713	191,170	259,341	398,489	208,224	221,878
Capital grants and contributions	475,525	121,849	4,104,252	887,585	404,021	204,297	764,899	2,340,604	4,123,220	399,296
Total government activities program revenues	<u>\$ 4,237,850</u>	<u>\$ 3,788,872</u>	<u>\$ 8,120,573</u>	<u>\$ 3,680,525</u>	<u>\$ 2,604,027</u>	<u>\$ 2,502,178</u>	<u>\$ 3,391,313</u>	<u>\$ 4,998,387</u>	<u>\$ 6,282,518</u>	<u>\$ 2,647,701</u>
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Theater	\$ 58,086	\$ 60,999	\$ 72,595	\$ 112,404	\$ 80,391	\$ 53,575	\$ 89,375	\$ 58,764	\$ 40,247	\$ 120,902
Stormwater	-	-	-	-	502,486	860,231	871,401	866,927	846,482	773,501
Solid Waste	1,932,338	2,111,394	2,250,443	2,421,433	2,664,458	2,875,122	2,972,137	2,873,443	2,866,973	2,838,005
Water & Sewer	3,865,334	3,742,668	3,769,008	4,175,851	4,232,671	5,397,091	5,931,182	6,125,894	6,358,624	6,244,153
Natural Gas	5,552,777	4,122,306	4,223,938	2,941,728	3,411,767	3,048,070	2,672,161	3,075,260	3,409,558	2,435,480
Operating grants ⁽²⁾	60,000	1,990,680	61,000	75,000	75,000	36,300	85,700	75,000	70,000	70,000
Capital grants & contr.	340,477	-	-	114,483	185,950	-	185,950	-	-	-
Total business-type activities prog rev.	<u>11,809,012</u>	<u>12,028,047</u>	<u>10,376,984</u>	<u>9,840,899</u>	<u>11,152,723</u>	<u>12,270,389</u>	<u>12,807,906</u>	<u>13,075,288</u>	<u>13,591,884</u>	<u>12,482,041</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 16,046,862</u>	<u>\$ 15,816,919</u>	<u>\$ 18,497,557</u>	<u>\$ 13,521,424</u>	<u>\$ 13,756,750</u>	<u>\$ 14,772,567</u>	<u>\$ 16,199,219</u>	<u>\$ 18,073,675</u>	<u>\$ 19,874,402</u>	<u>\$ 15,129,742</u>
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (10,405,126)	\$ (11,645,844)	\$ (8,452,479)	\$ (10,784,256)	\$ (12,402,176)	\$ (7,719,600)	\$ (7,093,002)	\$ (5,389,230)	\$ (3,869,754)	\$ (6,977,156)
Business-type activities	816,294	(520,592)	(969,863)	(1,217,958)	(737,879)	305,465	109,904	1,156,590	2,081,909	1,190,411
	<u>\$ (9,588,832)</u>	<u>\$ (12,166,436)</u>	<u>\$ (9,422,342)</u>	<u>\$ (12,002,214)</u>	<u>\$ (13,140,055)</u>	<u>\$ (7,414,135)</u>	<u>\$ (6,983,098)</u>	<u>\$ (4,232,640)</u>	<u>\$ (1,787,845)</u>	<u>\$ (5,786,745)</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA

**CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)**

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 3,505,239	\$ 3,668,739	\$ 3,765,781	\$ 4,018,966	\$ 3,766,104	\$ 3,779,648	\$ 3,779,648	\$ 3,957,451	\$ 3,843,309	\$ 3,858,096
Sales taxes	1,866,758	1,990,834	1,969,761	1,677,397	1,888,546	1,909,128	1,909,128	1,739,073	1,694,752	1,594,865
Hotel/Motel taxes	256,853	357,880	540,440	254,354	279,360	329,321	329,321	315,049	315,628	311,393
Other taxes	1,533,445	1,591,007	1,628,232	1,632,444	1,581,410	1,454,722	1,454,722	1,528,016	1,539,124	1,632,145
Unrestricted invest. earnings	83,226	197,369	81,081	73,119	97,002	75,700	75,700	69,402	78,107	81,427
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	10,356	17,420	-	-	-	-	3,902	11
Transfers	(301,879)	(349,059)	(441,069)	165,248	(118,135)	114,762	114,762	80,462	430,000	69,600
Total governmental activities	<u>6,943,642</u>	<u>7,456,770</u>	<u>7,554,582</u>	<u>7,838,948</u>	<u>7,494,287</u>	<u>7,663,281</u>	<u>7,663,281</u>	<u>7,689,453</u>	<u>7,904,822</u>	<u>7,547,537</u>
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	232,250	249,927	142,514	31,383	15,742	7,036	7,036	3,202	50,058	1,845
Gain on disposal of assets	2,629	-	-	828	9,523	2,989	2,989	-	6,515	-
Transfers	301,879	349,059	441,069	(165,248)	118,135	(114,762)	(114,762)	(80,462)	(430,000)	(69,600)
Total business-type activities	<u>536,758</u>	<u>598,986</u>	<u>583,583</u>	<u>(133,037)</u>	<u>143,400</u>	<u>(104,737)</u>	<u>(104,737)</u>	<u>(77,260)</u>	<u>(373,427)</u>	<u>(67,755)</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 7,480,400</u>	<u>\$ 8,055,756</u>	<u>\$ 8,138,165</u>	<u>\$ 7,705,911</u>	<u>\$ 7,637,687</u>	<u>\$ 7,558,544</u>	<u>\$ 7,558,544</u>	<u>\$ 7,612,193</u>	<u>\$ 7,531,395</u>	<u>\$ 7,479,782</u>
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (3,461,484)	\$ (4,189,074)	\$ (897,897)	\$ (2,945,308)	\$ (4,907,889)	\$ (56,319)	\$ 570,279	\$ 2,300,223	\$ 4,035,068	\$ 570,381
Business-type activities	1,353,052	78,394	(386,280)	(1,350,995)	(594,479)	200,728	5,167	1,079,330	1,708,482	1,122,656
Total primary government	<u>\$ (2,108,432)</u>	<u>\$ (4,110,680)</u>	<u>\$ (1,284,177)</u>	<u>\$ (4,296,303)</u>	<u>\$ (5,502,368)</u>	<u>\$ 144,409</u>	<u>\$ 575,446</u>	<u>\$ 3,379,553</u>	<u>\$ 5,743,550</u>	<u>\$ 1,693,037</u>

⁽¹⁾ The Municipal Court function was recorded in Public Safety for years prior to 2011.

⁽²⁾ The substantial increase in operating grants and revenues in 2007 is due to FEMA assistance for tornado recovery.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 54,892	\$ 56,870	\$ 62,166	\$ 63,279	\$ 74,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	1,678,573	1,854,740	1,691,547	2,278,792	2,266,544	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	137,090	94,000	144,091	67,419	68,033
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	2,828	-	57,244	162,344	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	29,578	222,144	222,144	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	2,199,035	2,156,246	2,294,752	2,938,292	3,330,328
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 1,733,465</u>	<u>\$ 1,911,610</u>	<u>\$ 1,753,713</u>	<u>\$ 2,342,071</u>	<u>\$ 2,340,842</u>	<u>\$ 2,368,531</u>	<u>\$ 2,472,390</u>	<u>\$ 2,718,231</u>	<u>\$ 3,168,055</u>	<u>\$ 3,398,361</u>
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved reported in:										
Special revenue funds	\$ 218,640	\$ 323,019	\$ 145,168	\$ 190,263	\$ 206,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Debt service funds	266,907	284,836	320,503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	578,741	472,382	533,826	481,262	554,632	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	40,153	35,530	6,298	8,883	45,569
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	606,681	1,330,517	3,486,443	5,832,945	4,651,731
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	(3,478)	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,064,288</u>	<u>\$ 1,080,237</u>	<u>\$ 999,497</u>	<u>\$ 671,525</u>	<u>\$ 760,734</u>	<u>\$ 643,356</u>	<u>\$ 1,366,047</u>	<u>\$ 3,492,741</u>	<u>\$ 5,841,828</u>	<u>\$ 4,697,300</u>

NOTE: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 was adopted in 2011.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 7,448,980	\$ 7,795,875	\$ 7,826,373	\$ 7,413,834	\$ 7,536,316	\$ 7,568,434	\$ 7,501,552	\$ 7,349,222	\$ 7,270,845	\$ 7,321,669
Licenses and permits	1,372,138	1,471,329	1,489,128	1,433,197	1,410,130	1,474,400	1,600,559	1,546,490	1,412,470	1,592,174
Intergovernmental	1,279,398	1,463,429	2,034,165	958,057	489,519	318,569	958,096	2,438,394	4,508,351	572,704
Charges for services	145,995	141,910	168,354	100,914	183,598	201,924	140,876	156,440	121,705	136,912
Fines and forfeitures	442,042	354,350	307,566	384,890	373,949	352,513	496,502	458,166	312,128	260,247
Interest	83,226	197,369	81,081	73,119	97,002	75,700	74,495	69,402	78,107	83,744
Miscellaneous	288,334	357,854	275,692	159,402	146,830	154,772	195,280	164,342	145,521	77,944
Total revenues	<u>11,060,113</u>	<u>11,782,116</u>	<u>12,182,359</u>	<u>10,523,413</u>	<u>10,237,344</u>	<u>10,146,312</u>	<u>10,967,360</u>	<u>12,182,456</u>	<u>13,849,127</u>	<u>10,045,394</u>
Expenditures										
General government	1,616,071	1,969,408	1,747,854	1,628,629	1,200,797	1,414,936	2,210,399	997,689	1,086,831	926,128
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	(1) 81,050	79,336	83,399	88,568	80,022
Public safety	6,020,626	6,351,412	6,437,986	6,453,290	7,176,218	6,478,678	6,361,979	6,758,286	7,756,914	7,285,257
Public works	1,528,405	1,767,920	1,708,557	1,803,454	1,742,080	1,689,210	2,047,164	1,777,585	1,933,812	1,770,736
Community development	802,716	409,829	942,126	673,226	619,768	723,732	348,966	333,220	218,292	527,333
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,732
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,488
Debt service:										
Principal	461,736	486,254	1,446,328	112,035	185,473	167,860	231,416	340,230	282,512	292,020
Interest	142,375	268,987	49,525	54,829	66,849	88,081	106,269	115,819	117,189	107,682
Total expenditures	<u>10,571,929</u>	<u>11,253,810</u>	<u>12,332,376</u>	<u>10,725,463</u>	<u>10,991,185</u>	<u>10,643,547</u>	<u>11,385,529</u>	<u>10,406,228</u>	<u>11,484,118</u>	<u>11,034,398</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	488,184	528,306	(150,017)	(202,050)	(753,841)	(497,235)	(418,169)	1,776,228	2,365,009	(989,004)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Capital leases	-	-	330,782	272,208	936,197	280,000	1,109,542	488,545	-	-
Sale of capital assets	9,314	14,847	21,667	24,980	23,759	12,784	27,808	27,300	3,902	5,182
Transfers in	467,524	604,874	840,699	1,396,858	634,794	752,517	661,919	690,212	1,099,614	709,102
Transfers out	(769,403)	(953,933)	(1,281,768)	(1,231,610)	(752,929)	(637,755)	(554,550)	(609,750)	(669,614)	(639,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(292,565)</u>	<u>(334,212)</u>	<u>(88,620)</u>	<u>462,436</u>	<u>841,821</u>	<u>407,546</u>	<u>1,244,719</u>	<u>596,307</u>	<u>433,902</u>	<u>74,782</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 195,619</u>	<u>\$ 194,094</u>	<u>\$ (238,637)</u>	<u>\$ 260,386</u>	<u>\$ 87,980</u>	<u>\$ (89,689)</u>	<u>\$ 826,550</u>	<u>\$ 2,372,535</u>	<u>\$ 2,798,911</u>	<u>\$ (914,222)</u>
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	6.13%	6.84%	7.23%	(2) 12.72%	1.71%	2.70%	2.66%	2.97%	4.40%	4.25%

(1) The Municipal Court function was recorded in Public Safety for years prior to 2011.

(2) General Obligation Bonds were paid in full in 2008 thus increasing the ratio of total debt service to non-capital expenditures.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Sales Tax</u>	<u>Occupancy⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Insurance Premium</u>	<u>Other⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 3,791,924	\$ 1,866,758	\$ 256,853	\$ 891,479	\$ 641,966	\$ 7,448,980
2007	3,856,154	1,990,834	357,880	929,912	661,095	7,795,875
2008	3,687,940	1,969,761	540,440	952,187	676,045	7,826,373
2009	3,863,211	1,663,825	254,354	943,254	434,836	7,159,480
2010	3,788,098	1,887,447	279,360	920,265	661,146	7,536,316
2011	3,860,592	1,923,799	329,321	799,294	655,428	7,568,434
2012	3,735,922	1,942,043	318,419	848,984	656,184	7,501,552
2013	3,767,084	1,739,073	315,049	879,042	648,974	7,349,222
2014	3,721,341	1,694,752	315,628	921,476	617,648	7,270,845
2015	3,783,266	1,594,865	311,393	984,445	647,700	7,321,669
Change 2006-2015	-0.2%	-17.0%	17.5%	9.4%	0.9%	-1.7%

⁽¹⁾ Occupancy tax in 2008 includes an audit settlement covering prior years.

⁽²⁾ Other taxes include transfer taxes, alcoholic beverage taxes, and payments in lieu of taxes.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended Dec 31st	Digest Tax Year	Real & Personal Property	Motor Vehicles	Mobile Home	Timber & Heavy Truck Equipment	Less: Tax-Exempt Real Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a % of Actual Value
2006	2006	\$ 321,016,182	\$ 30,999,238	\$ 172,950	\$ 3,470	\$ 15,359,617	\$ 336,832,223	10.38	\$ 673,664,446	50%
2007	2007	327,347,175	33,606,225	193,181	174,453	13,587,710	347,733,324	10.51	695,466,648	50%
2008	2008	316,009,242	35,487,588	213,050	21,537	8,564,049	343,167,368	10.99	686,334,736	50%
2009	2009	348,049,881	36,041,850	184,415	19,830	11,122,312	373,173,664	10.25	746,347,328	50%
2010	2010	340,614,185	31,580,613	136,045	3,870	7,146,044	365,188,669	10.25	730,377,338	50%
2011	2011	343,915,592	30,679,600	132,475	2,025	5,743,900	368,985,792	10.11	737,971,584	50%
2012	2012	342,308,552	31,869,463	105,870	7,000	6,466,282	367,824,603	10.32	735,649,206	50%
2013	2013	343,910,752	31,530,638	107,605	-	9,165,092	366,383,903	10.32	732,767,806	50%
2014	2014	327,533,886	26,167,700	113,010	89,478	9,561,896	344,342,178	10.32	688,684,356	50%
2015	2015	341,640,188	18,170,900	106,800	30,503	10,619,826	349,328,565	10.32	698,657,130	50%

Source: City of Americus and Sumter County tax records

Note: Property tax assessment is performed by the Sumter County Tax Assessor's Office and reviewed and factored by the State of Georgia Department of Revenue to ensure that the assessed value of property closely approximates 50% of actual market value.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
PROPERTY TAX RATES
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Digest Tax Year	City of Americus			Overlapping Rates					
		Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Sumter County			Sumter Board of Education		
					Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total School Millage
2006	2006	10.38	-	10.38	6.95	-	6.95	17.64	-	17.64
2007	2007	10.51	-	10.51	9.90	-	9.90	17.53	-	17.53
2008	2008	10.99	-	10.99	11.82	-	11.82	17.53	-	17.53
2009	2009	10.25	-	10.25	11.45	-	11.45	17.53	-	17.53
2010	2010	10.25	-	10.25	11.45	-	11.45	17.53	-	17.53
2011	2011	10.11	-	10.11	11.45	-	11.45	17.53	-	17.53
2012	2012	10.32	-	10.32	11.45	-	11.45	17.53	-	17.53
2013	2013	10.32	-	10.32	12.96	-	12.96	17.53	-	17.53
2014	2014	10.32	-	10.32	12.90	-	12.90	17.53	-	17.53
2015	2015	10.32	-	10.32	12.90	-	12.90	17.53	-	17.53

Source: Sumter County Board of Commissioners and Americus City Records

Note: The City assesses at a rate of 50% and the County assesses at 40%

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>2015</u>			<u>2006</u>		
	<u>Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value</u>
Wal-Mart Real Estate/Store	\$ 8,560,618	1	2.51%	\$ 7,861,249	2	2.45%
Georgia Power Company	7,172,925	2	2.10%	4,490,451	3	1.40%
Agrium US, Inc	8,376,479	3	2.45%			
Lowe's Home Center	5,481,647	4	1.60%			
Perry Brothers Oil Company, Inc	4,642,599	5	1.36%			
Creekview Commons of Americus	3,545,200	6	1.04%			
Bell South Telecommunications/AT&T				4,127,790	4	1.29%
Boat-N-RV Outlet	2,852,707	7	0.84%			
Sumter, EMC	2,695,334	8	0.79%	2,430,512	9	0.76%
Galileo Apollo IV Sub LLC	2,574,500	9	0.75%	3,028,100	7	0.94%
Market Place of Americus	1,882,900	10	0.55%			
Collins & Aikman (Formerly Textron Automotive & JPS Automotive)				12,043,355	1	3.75%
Daimler Chrysler Corporation				3,833,065	5	1.19%
Cooper Tire & Rubber Co.				3,262,605	6	1.02%
Royster Clark Resources				3,021,485	8	0.94%
IAC Tax V, LLC				2,351,793	10	0.73%
Total	\$ 47,784,909		13.99%	\$ 46,450,405		14.47%

Source: City of Americus tax records

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended December 31st	Digest Tax Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date		Total Taxes Outstanding
			Amount	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2006	2006	\$ 3,185,713	\$ 2,789,139	87.55%	\$ 396,574	\$ 3,185,713	100.00%	\$ -
2007	2007	3,297,956	2,936,209	89.03%	361,747	3,297,956	100.00%	-
2008	2008	3,379,140	2,925,998	86.59%	453,137	3,379,135	100.00%	5
2009	2009	3,422,075	2,866,944	83.78%	535,998	3,402,942	99.44%	19,133
2010	2010	3,436,358	2,946,620	85.75%	462,320	3,408,940	99.20%	27,418
2011	2011	3,432,242	2,706,967	78.87%	690,686	3,397,653	98.99%	34,589
2012	2012	3,471,632	2,942,607	84.76%	461,742	3,404,349	98.06%	67,283
2013	2013	3,439,199	2,894,583	84.16%	424,045	3,318,628	96.49%	120,571
2014	2014	3,421,272	2,717,698	79.44%	547,401	3,265,099	95.44%	156,173
2015	2015	3,434,649	2,739,808	79.77%	-	2,739,808	79.77%	694,841

Sources: City of Americus tax records

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	Population
	General Oblig. Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Capital Leases ⁽²⁾	Certificates of Participation	Water Revenue Bonds ⁽³⁾	Combined Utility Revenue Bonds ⁽⁴⁾	Notes Payable					
2006	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 1,048,970	\$ 845,000	\$ 1,304,299	\$ -	\$ 7,815,250	\$ 12,733,519	3.27%	\$ 748.46	17,013	
2007	1,320,000	962,716	845,000	1,019,443	-	8,835,158	12,982,317	3.12%	763.08	17,013	
2008	-	1,167,170	845,000	720,254	-	8,780,243	11,512,667	2.70%	676.70	17,013	
2009	-	1,327,343	845,000	405,715	-	8,031,531	10,609,589	2.24%	623.62	17,013	
2010	-	2,078,067	845,000	-	14,304,092	6,816,675	24,043,834	5.12%	1,410.94	17,041	
2011	-	2,190,207	845,000	-	13,148,082	6,518,549	22,701,838	4.77%	1,332.19	17,041	
2012	-	3,068,333	845,000	-	11,967,074	6,233,362	22,113,769	4.52%	1,297.68	17,041	
2013	-	2,371,648	845,000	-	16,377,947	44,323	19,638,918	3.73%	1,152.45	17,041	
2014	-	2,089,136	845,000	-	14,828,308	-	17,762,444	3.39%	1,042.34	17,041	
2015	-	1,797,116	845,000	-	13,259,019	-	15,901,135	3.14%	933.11	17,041	

⁽¹⁾ General Obligation Bonds were paid in full in 2008.

⁽²⁾ In 2012, capital leases increased significantly due to the energy savings contract in the amount of \$1,109,542.

⁽³⁾ The Water Revenue Bonds were paid in full in 2010.

⁽⁴⁾ Combined Utility Revenue Bonds were issued in 2010 and 2013 for capital projects related to water, sewer and stormwater.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding			Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property ⁽²⁾	Per Capita ⁽³⁾
	General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Less: Amounts Avail. in Debt Service Fund	Total		
2006	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 303,145	\$ 1,416,855	0.42%	83
2007	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 312,907	\$ 1,007,093	0.29%	59
2008	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2009	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2010	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2011	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2012	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2013	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2014	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2015	-	-	-	0.00%	-

⁽¹⁾ General Obligation Bonds were paid in full in 2008.

⁽²⁾ See also the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for more on property values.

⁽³⁾ See also the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>Percentage Applicable to the City of Americus</u>	<u>Amount Applicable to the City of Americus</u>
Direct:			
City of Americus	\$ 2,642,116	100%	\$ 2,642,116
Total direct debt			<u>2,642,116</u>
Overlapping:			
Sumter County, Georgia	11,261,048	100%	11,261,048
Sumter County Board of Education	11,203,396	100%	<u>11,203,396</u>
Total overlapping debt			<u>22,464,444</u>
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			<u><u>\$ 25,106,560</u></u>

Source: City of Americus, Sumter County Board of Commissioners, Sumter County Board of Education.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that could place burden on the residents and businesses of the City of Americus.

Note: Information presented above for Sumter County is as of June 30, 2015, the most recent audited fiscal year available.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 35,219,184	\$ 36,120,372	\$ 35,173,142	\$ 38,429,598	\$ 37,233,471	\$ 37,472,969	\$ 37,429,089	\$ 37,554,900	\$ 35,390,407	\$ 35,994,839
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,808,804	1,416,855	1,007,093	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 33,410,380</u>	<u>\$ 34,703,517</u>	<u>\$ 34,166,049</u>	<u>\$ 38,429,598</u>	<u>\$ 37,233,471</u>	<u>\$ 37,472,969</u>	<u>\$ 37,429,089</u>	<u>\$ 37,554,900</u>	<u>\$ 35,390,407</u>	<u>\$ 35,994,839</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	5.14%	3.92%	2.86%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2015

Total assessed value	\$ 349,328,565
Add Exempt:	10,619,826
Total taxable assessed value:	<u>359,948,391</u>
Debt limit (10% of total taxable assessed value)	35,994,839
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation debt	-
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	-
Total net debt applicable to limit	<u>-</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 35,994,839</u>

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Utility Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾						Coverage Ratio
	Utility Service Charges	Less: Operating Expenses ⁽²⁾	Net Available Revenue ⁽³⁾	Debt Service ⁽⁴⁾			
				Principal	Interest		
2006	\$ 3,865,334	\$ 2,632,866	\$ 1,232,468	\$ 271,079	\$ 73,525	3.58	
2007	3,735,811	2,685,532	1,050,279	284,856	59,748	3.05	
2008	3,769,009	3,159,340	609,669	299,189	45,415	1.77	
2009	3,909,927	3,372,159	537,768	314,539	30,065	1.56	
2010	4,735,168	4,105,840	629,328	405,715	8,894	1.52	
2011	6,240,322	4,042,438	2,197,884	1,105,000	410,337	1.45	
2012	6,802,583	4,196,843	2,605,740	1,130,000	379,567	1.73	
2013	6,992,922	3,717,780	3,275,142	1,280,000	391,874	1.96	
2014	7,205,106	3,625,217	3,579,889	1,485,000	452,170	1.85	
2015	7,017,654	3,334,996	3,682,658	1,510,000	348,912	1.98	

⁽¹⁾ Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,190,804 were issued in 1998 for the purpose of repaying loans from GEFA. These were paid off in 2010. Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$13,760,000 were issued in 2010 for Water, Sewer and Stormwater capital projects.

⁽²⁾ Operating Expenses do not include depreciation, amortization, or interest expenses. Stormwater operating expenses in 2010 include primarily allocations from other funds and departments. The recording of direct expenses for stormwater began in 2011.

⁽³⁾ Net Available Revenue decreased in 2008 - 2010 due to lift station repairs and programs that did not qualify for capitalization. (Hydraulic Model, Inflow & Filtration, Fats, Oils and Greases and Cross Connection ordinance / programs, etc.)

⁽⁴⁾ Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Calendar Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽²⁾	Education Level in Years of Schooling ⁽³⁾	Personal Income ⁽⁴⁾ (in thousands of dollars)	Sumter County, Georgia			
					Per Capita Personal Income ⁽⁵⁾	Labor Force ⁽⁶⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁷⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁸⁾
2006	17,013	34	12.7	389,172	22,875	17,458	5,150	6.30%
2007	17,013	34	12.7	415,645	24,431	17,458	5,320	7.10%
2008	17,013	34	12.7	426,329	25,059	17,045	5,138	7.70%
2009	17,013	34	12.7	472,638	27,781	16,338	5,059	12.60%
2010	17,041	29	13.2	469,991	27,580	15,063	4,957	13.20%
2011	17,041	29	13.2	475,972	27,931	14,859	4,920	13.30%
2012	17,041	29	13.2	488,821	28,685	14,956	4,898	12.80%
2013	17,041	29	13.2	526,805	30,914	12,568	4,740	12.30%
2014	17,041	29	13.2	523,619	30,727	13,517	4,671	9.60%
2015	17,041	29	13.2	506,885	29,745	13,517	4,756	9.60%

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ Population is per the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ Median Age is per the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽³⁾ Average education level is per the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽⁴⁾ Personal Income is the annual amount based on population and Per Capita Personal Income.

⁽⁵⁾ Per Capita Income is from the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. Information for the City of Americus is not available.

⁽⁶⁾ Labor Force is per the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. Information for the City of Americus is not available.

⁽⁷⁾ School Enrollment is per the Sumter County Board of Education.

⁽⁸⁾ Unemployment rate is an average for the year and is per the Georgia Department of Labor.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Employer	2015			2006		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Sumter County School System	680	1	5.56%	850	1	4.95%
Magnolia Manor	497	2	4.07%	365	5	2.13%
Phoebe Sumter Medical Center (previously Sumter Regional) (1)	380	3	3.11%	700	2	4.08%
Container Marketing	350	4	2.86%			
Cooper Lighting	314	5	2.57%	600	3	3.49%
Georgia Southwestern State University	280	6	2.29%	259	9	1.51%
Wal-Mart Supercenter	268	7	2.19%	386	4	2.25%
Habitat for Humanity	250	8	2.05%	311	6	1.81%
Sumter County Board of Commissioners	232	9	1.90%	254	10	1.48%
Middle Flint Behavioral Health	226	10	1.85%	284	8	1.65%
Collins & Aikman (2)				300	7	1.75%
Total	3,477		28.45%	4,309		25.10%

Source: Americus - Sumter County Chamber of Commerce and GA Department of Labor

Note: Due to the close proximity of the cities within the County, information is based on County data. Information based solely on City of Americus is not available.

⁽¹⁾ The hospital was completely destroyed in the March 1, 2007 tornado. A new hospital opened in December 2011.

⁽²⁾ Collins & Aikman declared bankruptcy in 2005 and discontinued operations in 2007.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES
BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	⁽⁵⁾ 2011	⁽⁶⁾ 2012	2013	2014	2015
General government										
Administration	15	15	15	15	15	12	12	12	12	12
Finance	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Police ⁽¹⁾	58	56	55	54	56	51	50	50	50	50
Municipal Court	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Planning & Inspections ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	5
Fire	56	56	56	56	55	53	53	49	50	50
Public works ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	25	26	26	30	31	26	24	24	20	20
Community and economic development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1
Total General Fund	165	164	163	166	168	154	151	151	148	147
Enterprise Funds										
Water/Sewer Fund	15	15	15	15	16	15	15	15	14	15
Natural Gas Fund	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8
Stormwater Fund ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	4	2	3
Theater	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total Enterprise Funds	25	25	25	25	26	29	29	29	27	29
Total Primary Government	190	189	188	191	194	183	180	180	175	176

Source: City of Americus annual budget document

⁽¹⁾ The decrease in the Police Department between 2005 and 2006 is due to the start up of the regional 911 center. City dispatchers were no longer needed.

⁽²⁾ Municipal Court employees were formerly reported in the Police Department.

⁽³⁾ The increase in the Public Works Department from 2008 and 2009 is due to the addition of a fleet maintenance shop. This work was previously outsourced.

⁽⁴⁾ The Stormwater Fund includes employees formerly reported in Public Works.

⁽⁵⁾ Effective in 2011, the City had a reduction in force due to economic constraints. The reduction eliminated six positions and combined four positions into two.

⁽⁶⁾ The 2012 report reflects some minor revisions to prior years to exclude part-time employees.

⁽⁷⁾ The Planning and Inspections Department was new in 2013.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Function/Program</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Fund										
Administration										
Number of Council meetings	37	42	78	69	69	60	43	52	49	33
Number of ordinances adopted	46	45	43	39	45	35	33	28	21	21
Number of new employees processed	24	18	14	38	28	23	25	20	18	28
Finance										
Total dollars expended ⁽¹⁾	\$ 22,815,576	\$ 25,188,644	\$ 25,208,763	\$ 24,597,435	\$ 24,115,832	\$ 24,056,002	\$ 24,743,595	\$ 23,548,824	\$ 24,009,070	\$ 23,708,457
Total number of active funds	16	18	18	16	16	16	16	16	17	18
Number of accounts payable checks issued	4,688	4,759	4,634	4,725	4,924	5,151	5,087	4,411	4,264	3,817
Police										
Number of calls	47,792	42,283	47,096	49,943	62,163	62,450	65,691	71,796	70,369	53,909
Number of accidents	784	806	786	770	774	717	595	543	598	651
Number of animal control incidents / calls	533	1,070	1,199	1,306	1,353	1,603	1,129	1,625	1,303	906
Number of offenses reported ⁽²⁾	2,827	2,638	2,507	2,608	2,749	3,157	5,705	6,351	4,417	4,084
Municipal Court activity - number of cases	4,006	4,591	4,267	3,818	4,806	5,384	6,363	5,775	4,680	3,627
Fire and Emergency Services										
Number of calls										
Fire / explosion	209	262	230	181	147	130	100	108	102	76
First responder	1,459	1,597	1,415	1,223	1,081	1,228	1,100	1,223	1,265	1,426
Hazardous condition / materials	168	178	129	88	95	85	104	108	121	118
All other	403	464	510	458	345	465	384	375	425	443
Total number of calls	<u>2,239</u>	<u>2,501</u>	<u>2,284</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>1,668</u>	<u>1,908</u>	<u>1,688</u>	<u>1,814</u>	<u>1,913</u>	<u>2,063</u>
Fire safety / prevention / education										
Students	8,600	17,160	17,309	11,809	6,578	5,030	11,328	10,566	13,437	4,609
Adults	2,524	2,617	5,787	6,308	1,499	2,783	5,480	3,174	3,026	1,528
Total number educated	<u>11,124</u>	<u>19,777</u>	<u>23,096</u>	<u>18,117</u>	<u>8,077</u>	<u>7,813</u>	<u>16,808</u>	<u>13,740</u>	<u>16,463</u>	<u>6,137</u>
Building Risk Management										
Number of building permits issued	519	1,478	1,013	823	705	914	1,498	1,239	1,117	1,312
Construction value of permitted projects ⁽³⁾	\$ 9,738,311	\$ 49,859,046	\$ 20,176,987	\$ 6,720,935	\$ 109,541,947	\$ 6,483,942	\$ 13,334,635	\$ 15,362,203	\$ 13,611,011	\$ 17,621,176
Public works										
Number of work orders										
Drainage	-	-	149	66	34	7	8	304	177	1,044
Street patching	241	532	372	459	397	306	341	473	206	1,224
Street signs	213	495	169	66	64	36	33	90	58	84
Sidewalk repairs	42	55	34	33	18	3	6	9	1	120
Other	43	68	466	161	155	432	90	270	135	552
Total number of work orders	<u>539</u>	<u>1,150</u>	<u>1,190</u>	<u>785</u>	<u>668</u>	<u>784</u>	<u>478</u>	<u>1,146</u>	<u>577</u>	<u>3,024</u>
Public transit - ⁽⁴⁾										
Number of trips	33,078	32,479	33,455	24,950	30,428	28,239	27,050	24,065	21,926	20,498
Revenues	\$ 55,149	\$ 56,958	\$ 56,799	\$ 43,305	\$ 64,769	\$ 73,116	\$ 64,507	\$ 46,591	\$ 39,097	\$ 57,100

(Continued)

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Function/Program</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Water and Sewer Fund										
Utility billing										
Number of work orders										
Turnoffs for non-payment	2,272	2,730	2,608	1,945	1,947	1,820	1,381	1,550	1,664	1,656
All other work orders ⁽⁵⁾	2,197	2,491	3,179	4,881	5,185	6,626	6,672	7,581	5,363	5,811
Total number of work orders	4,469	5,221	5,787	6,826	7,132	8,446	8,053	9,131	7,027	7,467
Average number of customers per month										
Water	7,589	7,594	7,667	7,615	7,619	7,530	7,428	7,410	7,363	7,415
Sewer	6,671	6,700	6,745	6,688	6,717	6,677	6,568	6,546	6,506	6,561
Cubic feet of water billed	109,437,663	101,497,987	96,232,244	86,908,419	93,364,671	104,516,419	98,335,605	91,539,276	94,471,280	90,549,052
Water and sewer maintenance										
Number of work orders ⁽⁶⁾	973	1,332	2,410	2,912	971	608	561	545	247	1,839
Natural Gas Fund										
Cubic feet of gas billed	455,316	304,468	291,631	245,621	277,789	253,192	213,762	253,192	312,647	235,854
Number of work orders ⁽⁷⁾	5,103	5,863	6,545	2,349	2,166	1,690	1,644	1,113	-	1,839
Average number of customers per month	2,779	2,680	2,612	2,498	2,467	2,428	2,368	2,358	2,336	2,309
Solid Waste Fund										
Average number of customers per month	6,699	6,843	6,908	6,315	6,831	6,835	6,726	6,652	6,523	6,571
Stormwater Fund ⁽⁸⁾										
Average number of customers per month	-	-	-	-	6,122	6,076	6,004	5,993	5,880	5,748
Number of standard billing units at \$48 per year	-	-	-	-	20,429	20,705	20,460	18,035	19,875	19,947

Sources: Various City departments.

Note - Information is not available for all years and all items. A dash indicates where information could not be obtained.

⁽¹⁾ Finance - Total Dollars Expended - For simplicity this is the total expenditures on the Revenue & Expenditure statement after year end adjustments. Total dollars expended jumped in 2007 due to the cost of tornado recovery.

⁽²⁾ Number of Offenses includes traffic related enforcement, drug task force activity, code enforcement activities, and all crime reported.

⁽³⁾ The 2004 value includes over \$4,000,000 in multi-family residential units constructed by the Americus Housing Authority. The number and value of permits in 2007 reflected tornado recovery. The tornado damaged or completely destroyed over 1,200 structures. The value of permits in 2010 includes \$71,883,000 for the new Phoebe Sumter Hospital Complex.

⁽⁴⁾ An additional Transit Van & Driver was added in late 2005.

⁽⁵⁾ Utility Billing - number of Work Orders - All other includes turn offs, turn ons (not related to non-payment), garbage cart/dumpster delivery and pickup, and re-read requests.

⁽⁶⁾ Water & Sewer Maintenance - number of Work Orders includes meter repair & installation, sewer connections, location of water & sewer lines, leak repairs and fire hydrant leaks. 2011 showed a decrease due to the replacement of all water meters.

⁽⁷⁾ Natural Gas - number of Work Orders include installation of new meters and lines, removal of meters and lines, location of gas lines, gas leak investigation, and customer turn ons. Customer turn ons are not performed by Utility Billing personnel due to the specialized training required. The number of work orders is down in 2009 reflecting the overall downturn in new construction.

⁽⁸⁾ The Stormwater Utility was implemented in June 2010. Standard billing unit represents 3,000 square feet of impervious surface.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	46	48	44	47	44	49	46	44	48	55
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire Trucks										
Engine	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Ladder	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tanker	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haz Mat Vehicle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Communication Trailer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets owned & maintained (miles)	113	113	116	116	116	117	117	117	117	117
Service trucks	18	17	17	16	19	18	18	18	18	18
Public Transit										
Vans	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trolley	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Marketing Van				1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water System										
Plant Capacity / Gallons per Day	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
Miles of Water Mains	136	136	138	138	138	139	139	139	139	139
Water Storage - number of elevated storage tanks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Wastewater System										
Treatment capacity / Gallons per day	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000
Miles of Sewer Mains	101	102	102	102	102	103	103	103	103	103
Gas Distribution System										
Allocation from Supplier / Cubic Feet per day	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Miles of Gas Mains	100	100	100	100	104	106	106	106	106	106

Source: Annual Budget Document and Capital Asset Subledger

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

**Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council
City of Americus, Georgia
Americus, Georgia**

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Americus, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Americus, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Americus, Georgia's Response to Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia
June 15, 2016

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

SECTION I
SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

yes no

Significant deficiencies identified not considered
to be material weaknesses?

yes none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

yes no

Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs as of December 31, 2015 due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

SECTION II
FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2015-001 Monitoring of Construction in Progress Accounts

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles generally require the reporting of all capital assets at their historical cost which is written off periodically, or depreciated, in a systematic and rational manner. Good, sound internal controls require capital asset and construction in progress accounts be reconciled to detail listings, with all activity recorded in the books and records on a timely basis.

Condition: The City did not appropriately monitor and maintain detail listings of construction in progress accounts.

Context: During our testing of capital assets we noted that City officials were not transferring projects from the construction in progress accounts to depreciable capital asset accounts as projects were completed, resulting in the under reporting of depreciation expense and the over reporting of capitalized interest.

Effect: Audit adjustments were required to properly reflect capital assets and related depreciation and accumulated depreciation as follows:

- Water & Sewer Fund – net effect to decrease capital assets and increase expenses by \$326,672
- Water & Sewer Fund – net effect to increase depreciation expense and increase accumulated depreciation by \$20,783.
- Gas Fund – net effect to increase depreciation expense and increase accumulated depreciation by \$26,112.

Recommendation: We recommend capital asset listings and construction in progress details be reviewed on a regular basis to ensure completed projects are moved to a capital asset account with depreciation starting at that time.

Views of Responsible
Officials and Planned

Corrective Action: We concur. Capital asset and construction in progress accounts will be properly reconciled, depreciated and reported.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

SECTION III
FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

Not applicable

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

SECTION IV
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

2014-001 Cash Reconciliations

Criteria: Sound internal controls require accounts be reconciled timely and activity be appropriately recorded in the books and records of the governmental entity.

Condition: The City did not perform bank reconciliations for its cash accounts in a timely manner.

Auditee Response/
Status: Resolved.

2014-002 Accrued Liabilities

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require reporting of all current liabilities when the goods have been received or services have been performed, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Condition: The City did not appropriately record all transactions involving the payable and expenditure of amounts.

Auditee Response/
Status: Resolved.

CITY OF AMERICUS, GEORGIA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

SECTION IV
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

2014-003 Use of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) Funds

Criteria: Special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) funds can only be used for capital outlay projects approved by voters in a SPLOST referendum, and for expenditures on those projects incurred subsequent to the approval of the SPLOST resolution.

Condition: During 2014, the City used \$50,399 of SPLOST funds to pay off the Theatre Authority's outstanding line of credit. Proceeds from this line of credit were used in 2012 and 2013 for repairs and renovations to the Rylander Theatre.

Auditee Response/
Status: Resolved.

2014-004 Adoption of Annual Budgets

Criteria: The Official Code of Georgia (OCGA) Section 36-81-2 through 36-81-6 requires an annual balance budget for the General Fund, each special revenue fund, and each debt service fund and requires a project length balanced budget for each capital projects fund. Budgets must be adopted regardless of the level of activity anticipated.

Condition: For the year ended December 31, 2014, annual budgets were not adopted for the following special revenue funds: Community Development Block Grant Fund, State Revolving Loan Fund, 2007 CHIP Fund, 2001 CDBG Program Income Fund, and the 2004 ISTEAFund.

Auditee Response/
Status: Resolved.

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